

AGENDA

Special City Council Meeting,

Successor Agency to the Former Redevelopment Agency and the Wasco Public Finance Authority

Tuesday, December 20, 2022 – 5:30 pm. Council Chambers 746 8th Street, Wasco, CA 93280 www.cityofwasco.org

This is a special meeting, and only comments or statements concerning the Agenda items listed below are allowed (GC54954.3a). Public comments may be made in person or via email to cityclerk@cityofwasco.org no later than 4:00 p.m. December 20, 2022.

Every effort will be made to read your comment into the record; however, they are limited to two (2) minutes. If a comment is received after the specific time mentioned above but before the meeting is adjourned, the comment will still be included as a part of the record of the meeting but will not be read into the record.

SPECIAL MEETING - 5:30 pm

1) CALL TO ORDER: Mayor Reyna

2) ROLL CALL: Mayor Reyna, Mayor Pro Tem Pallares, Council Members: Garcia, Lynch, Martinez

3) FLAG SALUTE: by Mayor Reyna

4) NEW BUSINESS:

a. Receive and file the City of Wasco Financial Statements for the Year Ended June 30, 2022, and the City of Wasco Measure X Financial Statements for the Year Ended June 30, 2022. (Perez-Hernandez)

5) ADJOURNMENT:

This is to certify that this agenda was posted at Wasco City Hall on December 19, 2022, on/or before 5:30 p.m. The agenda is also available on the City website at www.cityofwasco.org.

Maria O. Martinez, City Clerk

The agenda is available for public review on the city website **www.cityofwasco.org**. The agenda items can be reviewed in the office of the City Clerk of the City of Wasco, 746 8th Street, Wasco, CA 93280, during regular business hours, 8:00 am – 4:30 pm Monday through Thursday and 8–4:30 pm Friday (closed alternate Friday's), following the posting of the agenda. Any supporting documentation related to an agenda item for an open session of any regular meeting that is distributed after the agenda is posted and before the meeting will also be available for review at the same location and the meeting. **Please remember to turn off all cell phones, pagers, or electronic devices during Council meetings.**

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If you need special assistance to participate in this meeting, please contact the City Clerk's Office at (661) 758-7215 to make reasonable arrangements to ensure accessibility to this meeting. Telephone (661) 758-7215. Requests for assistance should be made at least two (2) days in advance whenever possible.



STAFF REPORT City of Wasco

TO: Honorable Mayor and Council Members

FROM: M. Scott Hurlbert, City Manager

Isarel Perez-Hernandez, Finance Director

DATE: December 20, 2022

SUBJECT: Receive and file the City of Wasco Financial Statements for the Year Ended

June 30, 2022, and the City of Wasco Measure X Financial Statements for

the Year Ended June 30, 2022.

Recommendation

Staff recommends the City Council receive and file the City of Wasco Financial Statements for the Year Ended June 30, 2022, and the City of Wasco Measure X Financial Statements for the Year Ended June 30, 2022.

Background

The City is required to prepare and have audited the financial statements for all financial transactions of all funds of the City on an annual basis. The audited financial statements are prepared to communicate the financial health of the City with those charged with governance, state/federal oversight agencies, investors and the general public.

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA), is an organization that was established to assist in the professional management of governments by developing and identifying financial policies and best practices through education, training, facilitation of member leadership, and networking. The objectives of the GFOA are to offer expert knowledge, education, training, leadership development, strategic use of technology, and raise public awareness of sound financial policy and practice. They do this by being a leading source of information in public financial management from research, practice and policy development, and information distribution. They improve the expertise and professionalism of financial managers and leaders and provide recognition for their achievements.

GFOA released a publication on financial reporting best practices where it states that financial reporting should be issued <u>within six months of the fiscal year-end</u> in order for the information to be considered timely and useful by readers to make informed decisions.

In addition to the GFOA's best practices for timely financial reporting's, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) establishes accounting and financial reporting standards for states and local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) states that "Financial reporting helps fulfill the government's duty to be publicly accountable. Financial reporting also helps to satisfy the needs of users who have limited authority, ability, or resources to obtain information and who therefore rely on the reports as an important source of information. For that purpose, financial reporting objectives should consider the needs of users and the decisions they make."

Audit Opinions

Auditors have the option of choosing among four different types of auditor opinion reports. An auditor opinion report is a letter that auditors attach to the statutory audit report that reflects their opinion of the audit. The <u>four types of auditor opinions</u> are:

Unmodified – the opinion that is expressed when the auditor concludes that the financial statements are presented fairly, in all material respects, in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework.

Qualified – the opinion that is expressed when the auditor either (a) having obtained sufficient appropriate audit evidence, concludes that misstatements, individually or in the aggregate, are material but not pervasive to the financial statements; or (b) is unable to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence on which to base the opinion, but concludes that the possible effects on the financial statements of undetected misstatements, if any, could be material but not pervasive.

Adverse – the opinion that is expressed when the auditor, having obtained sufficient appropriate audit evidence, concludes that misstatements, individually or in the aggregate, are both material and pervasive to the financial statements.

Disclaimer – the opinion that is expressed when the auditor is unable to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence on which to base the opinion, and the auditor concludes that the possible effects on the financial statements of undetected misstatements, if any, could be both material and pervasive.

The type of opinion that all local auditees should strive to achieve is an **unmodified** opinion (clean opinion).

Discussion

The City of Wasco's Financial Statements (Attachment 1) have been audited by the independent certified public accounting firm of Badawi and Associates. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of Wasco for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, are free of material misstatements. The audit involved examining, on a test basis, the evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall presentation of financial statements.

The independent auditors concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an **unmodified opinion** that the City of Wasco's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, are fairly presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP").

Badawi and Associates have completed the Audited Financial Statements and Supplemental Information for the City of Wasco for the year ended June 30, 2022. Badawi and Associates have issued the following audit opinion:

"In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund Information of the City of Wasco. California, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America."

The City of Wasco Measure X Financial Statements (attachment 2) have been audited by Badawi and Associates and the auditors also issued an unmodified (clean) opinion on these financial statements.

Staff is currently working on producing an annual comprehensive financial report. The last time the city provide this type of financial statement was in 2013.

An Annual Comprehensive Financial Report is a set of financial statements for a state, municipality or other governmental entity that comply with the accounting requirements established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). It must be audited by an independent auditor using generally accepted government auditing standards.

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report consists of three sections: Introductory, Financial and Statistical.

The Introductory section orients and guides the reader through the report. The Financial section presents the entity's basic financial statements as well as notes to the statements and the independent auditors' report. The Statistical section provides additional financial and statistical data, including data about financial trends that may better inform the reader about the government's activities. The statistical section is divided into five categories:

- Financial Trends Information.
- Revenue Capacity Information.
- Debt Capacity Information.
- Demographic and Economic Information.
- Operating Information.

Fiscal Impact:

None

Attachments:

- 1. City of Wasco Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2022.
- 2. City of Wasco Measure X Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2022.

City of Wasco

Wasco, California

Basic Financial Statements

For the year ended June 30, 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of Wasco Wasco, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Wasco, California (City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Wasco and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibility of Management's for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of Wasco Wasco, California
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Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
 raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period
 of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information, and pension required supplementary information on pages 67-78, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance.

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of Wasco Wasco, California
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Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, budgetary comparison schedules on pages 84-105 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and the budgetary comparison schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and the budgetary comparison schedules on pages 84-105 are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December XX, 2022, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Badawi & Associates, CPAs Berkeley, California December XX, 2022

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

City of Wasco Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

	Primary Government						
	Go	Governmental		usiness-type			
		Activities		Activities		Total	
ASSETS							
Current assets:							
Cash and investments	\$	30,748,703	\$	22,202,215	\$	52,950,918	
Receivables, net		1,450,489		1,591,736		3,042,225	
Internal balances		(563,649)		563,649		-	
Total current assets		31,635,543		24,357,600		55,993,143	
Noncurrent assets:							
Notes receivable		5,103,247		-		5,103,247	
Capital assets:							
Non-depreciable		4,292,347		1,520,166		5,812,513	
Depreciable		45,976,476		56,869,105		102,845,581	
Less accumulated depreciation		(17,587,368)		(29,061,376)		(46,648,744)	
Total capital assets		32,681,455		29,327,895		62,009,350	
Total noncurrent assets		37,784,702		29,327,895		67,112,597	
Total assets		69,420,245		53,685,495		123,105,740	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		07/120/210		00,000,150		120)100). 10	
Deferred pension related items		959,616		1,040,001		1,999,617	
Total deferred outflows of resources	-						
		959,616		1,040,001		1,999,617	
LIABILITIES							
Current liabilities:		1 440 (22		0E1 174		1 (01 707	
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities		1,440,623 192,976		251,174 37,103		1,691,797 230,079	
Deposits payable		279,059		141,915		420,974	
Unearned revenue		2,491,670		260,032		2,751,702	
Compensated absences - current		46,348		49,651		95,999	
Total current liabilities		4,450,676		739,875		5,190,551	
Noncurrent liabilities:	-	4,450,070		739,673		3,190,331	
		72,495		77,194		140 690	
Compensated absences						149,689	
Net pension liability		1,585,433		1,718,240		3,303,673	
Total noncurrent liabilities		1,657,928		1,795,434		3,453,362	
Total liabilities		6,108,604		2,535,309		8,643,913	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred inflows of resources - pension		1,476,663		1,600,360		3,077,023	
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,476,663		1,600,360		3,077,023	
NET POSITION				•••••		(2 000 2	
Net investment in capital assets		32,681,455		29,327,895		62,009,350	
Restricted for:		2.417.020				2.417.020	
Streets and roads		3,416,928		-		3,416,928	
Community development		6,706,310		-		6,706,310	
Public safety		225,526		1 705 004		225,526	
Capital projects		-		1,735,824		1,735,824	
Total restricted		10,348,764		1,735,824		12,084,588	
Unrestricted		19,764,375		19,526,108		39,290,483	
Total net position	\$	62,794,594	\$	50,589,827	\$	113,384,421	

City of Wasco Statement of Activities For the year ended June 30, 2022

			Program Revenues							
					O	perating		Capital		
			Cl	harges for	Gr	ants and	G	rants and		
Functions/Programs	I	Expenses		Services	Cor	ntributions	Co	ntributions		Total
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$	180,649	\$	88,334	\$	186,358	\$	1,904,924	\$	2,179,616
Public safety		5,528,345		103,097		106,944		-		210,041
Public works		2,219,035		1,265,096		-		44,508		1,309,604
Community development		1,345,290		690		-		-		690
Total governmental activities	9,273,319		9 1,457,217 293,302		293,302	1,949,432			3,699,951	
Business-type Activities:										
Water reclamation and sewer		2,188,738		2,824,967		-		-		2,824,967
Water utility		2,788,270		3,626,140		-		57,399		3,683,539
Refuse collection and disposal		3,022,144		3,280,755		-		43,096		3,323,851
Public transportation		349,447		6,326		93,317		343,738		443,381
CNG Fueling station		161,406		108,345						108,345
Total Business-Type activities		8,510,005		9,846,533		93,317		444,233		10,384,083
Total primary government	\$	17,783,324	\$	11,303,750	\$	386,619	\$	2,393,665	\$	14,084,034

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Property tax

Sales tax

Franchise tax

State allocation of gas tax

Other Taxes

Intergovernmental, unrestricted:

Motor vehicle in-lieu tax

Total taxes

Unrestricted investment earnings

Miscellaneous revenue

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position - beginning of year

Net position - end of year

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
\$ 1,998,967 (5,318,304) (909,431) (1,344,600)	\$ - - -	\$ 1,998,967 (5,318,304) (909,431) (1,344,600)
(5,573,368)	-	(5,573,368)
(272-272-27)		(-))
- - - -	636,229 895,269 301,707 93,934 (53,061)	636,229 895,269 301,707 93,934 (53,061)
	1,874,078	1,874,078
(5,573,368)	1,874,078	(3,699,290)
1,150,633 5,523,630 400,756 1,108,116 304,031	- - - -	1,150,633 5,523,630 400,756 1,108,116 304,031
3,335,911	-	3,335,911
11,823,077	-	11,823,077
(540,589) 458,510 (100,143)	96,853 - 100,143	(443,736) 458,510
11,640,855	196,996	11,837,851
6,067,487	2,071,074	8,138,561
56,727,107	48,518,753	105,245,860
\$ 62,794,594	\$ 50,589,827	\$ 113,384,421

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The revenues of the General Fund consist mostly of property tax, sales tax, motor vehicle tax, and franchise fees.

The Streets Fund is used to account for the City's share of motor fuel tax revenues and special state grants that are legally restricted to construction and maintenance of local roads within the City limits.

The TDA Fund accounts for revenues allocated by the Kern Council of Governments under the Transportation Development Act (TDA). Revenues received are held in this fund and transferred to the Public Transportation Fund and Streets Fund when actual costs of transportations, repairs to streets or replacement of streets are incurred.

The CDBG RLA Fund accounts for several rounds of funding from Community Development Block Grants for low interest housing rehabilitation loans. As these funds pay back, they are counted as program income for the CDBG Revolving Loan Fund. Funds accumulated within this fund are loaned back out for additional low interest housing rehabilitation loans in accordance with the City's agreement with the State Department for Housing and Community Development (HCD). These funds are also used in conjunction with CalHome funds in order to fund larger rehabilitation and reconstruction needs.

The CalHOME Reuse Fund accounts for the several rounds of funding received from the CalHOME Program and as loans are repaid the money is placed in the CalHOME Reuse Fund. The CalHOME Reuse money is available to continue funding eligible activities.

The 2005 HCD Fund accounts for \$950,000 awarded from the California Department of Housing and Community Development to assist in the construction of Poso Place Senior Apartments. The money was lent to F & Poso Street Investors, a California limited partnership.

The RDA Low & Moderate Income Housing Fund is a special revenue fund type that accounts for the required 20% set-aside of tax revenues specifically to be used toward low and moderate income housing projects as required by State law.

The Park Impact Fund is a special revenue fund type that accounts for park impact fees collected from new residential developments within the city. These fees are used by the City to provide park and recreational facilities that reasonably serve the new development.

City of Wasco Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

	General	 TDA	CDBG RLA	 CalHOME Reuse
ASSETS				
Cash and investments Receivables, net	\$ 21,938,192 1,254,618	\$ - 186,358	\$ 534,777 -	\$ 1,192,915 -
Prepaid expenses Due from other funds Notes receivable	193,645	- - <u>-</u>	- 1,113,152	1,450,935
Total assets	 23,386,455	 186,358	1,647,929	 2,643,850
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	1,353,231 192,068	-	-	-
Deposits payable Due to other funds	279,059	186,358	-	-
Advances from other funds Unearned revenue	563,649 71,970	-	-	-
Total liabilities	2,459,977	186,358	-	_
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable revenues	-	186,358	-	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	-	186,358	-	-
Fund Balances:				_
Nonspendable Restricted for:	-	-	-	-
Community development Streets and transportation	-	-	1,647,929	2,643,850
Low and moderate income housing	-	-	-	-
Public safety	-	-	-	-
Other purposes Assigned:	-	-	-	-
General reserve Community development	9,300,000	- -	- -	-
Unassigned	 11,626,478	(186,358)	 -	
Total fund balances	20,926,478	(186,358)	1,647,929	2,643,850
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 23,386,455	\$ 186,358	\$ 1,647,929	\$ 2,643,850

2005 HCD Fund	RDA Low Income Housing	Park Impact	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ -	\$ 65,533 9,513	\$ 710,399	\$ 6,306,887	\$ 30,748,703 1,450,489
950,000	1,000,000	-	589,160	193,645 5,103,247
950,000	1,075,046	710,399	6,896,047	37,496,084
-	-	-	87,392	1,440,623
-	-	-	908	192,976
-	-	-	- 7,287	279,059 193,645
- -	- -	- -	7,207	563,649
-	-	702,536	1,717,164	2,491,670
-	-	702,536	1,812,751	5,161,622
		<u>-</u> _		186,358
-	-	-	-	186,358
-	-	-	-	-
950,000	-	-	1,339,485	6,581,264
-	-	-	3,114,720	3,114,720
-	1,075,046	-	- 225 527	1,075,046
-	-	7,863	225,526 294,345	225,526 302,208
-	-	7,003	274,343	302,200
-	-	-	-	9,300,000
-	-	-	116,507	116,507
			(7,287)	11,432,833
950,000	1,075,046	7,863	5,083,296	32,148,104
\$ 950,000	\$ 1,075,046	\$ 710,399	\$ 6,896,047	\$ 37,496,084

City of Wasco

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

Total Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 32,148,104
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different l	
Capital assets used in governmental activities were not current financial resources. Therefore, they were not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. The capital assets were adjusted as follows:	
No depreciable Depreciable, net	4,292,347 28,389,108
Interest payable on long-term debt did not require current financial resources. Therefore, interest payable was not reported as a liability in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet.	-
Unavailable revenues recorded in the fund financial statements resulting from activities in which revenues were earned but were not available are reclassified as revenues in the Government-Wide Financial Statements.	186,358
In the Government-Wide Financial Statements, deferred employer contributions for pension, certain differences between actuarial estimates and actual results, and other adjustments resulting from changes in assumptions and benefits are deferred in the current year.	
Deferred outflows of resources related to pension Deferred inflows of resources related to pension	959,616 (1,476,663)
Long-term liabilities were not due and payable in the current period. Therefore, they were not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet.	
Compensated absences - current Compensated absences - noncurrent Net pension liability	 (46,348) (72,495) (1,585,433)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 62,794,594

City of Wasco Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the year ended June 30, 2022

	General	TDA	 CDBG RLA	Cal HOME Reuse
REVENUES:				
Taxes Licenses and permits Intergovernmental Charges for services	\$ 10,654,353 477,280 239,572 234,038	\$ - - -	\$ - \$ - - -	- - -
Fines, forfeitures and assessments Use of money and property Miscellaneous	 50,863 (631,259) 458,042	 - - -	 - - -	- 7,717 -
Total revenues	11,482,889	-	 -	7,717
EXPENDITURES:				
Current: General government Public safety Public works Community development Non-departmental Capital outlay: General capital outlay	298,005 5,562,236 856,736 1,554,158 21,179 2,149,332	- - - -	- - - 8,558 -	- - - 148 -
Street improvements	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	10,441,646		8,558	148
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 1,041,243	 -	 (8,558)	7,569
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers in Transfers out Sale of capital assets	2,276,868 (135,045)	- (1,591) -	- - -	45,976 - -
Total other financing sources (uses)	 2,141,823	(1,591)	-	45,976
Special item	 -		-	
Net change in fund balances	3,183,066	(1,591)	(8,558)	53,545
FUND BALANCES:				
Beginning of year	17,743,412	(184,767)	1,656,487	2,590,305
End of year	\$ 20,926,478	\$ (186,358)	\$ 1,647,929 \$	2,643,850

200 HCD			RDA Low Income Housing				Park Impact	Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - - 136,443	\$ 1,461,017 73,712 1,978,089 20,231	\$	12,115,370 550,992 2,217,661 390,712		
	- - -		- - -		3,821	 11,073 79,135 464		61,936 (540,586) 458,506		
	-				140,264	 3,623,721		15,254,591		
	- - - -		- - - -		- - - -	- 631,457 15,137		298,005 5,562,236 1,488,193 1,578,001 21,179		
	-		-		136,443	-		2,285,775 -		
	-		-		136,443	646,594		11,233,389		
					3,821	2,977,127		4,021,202		
	- - -		- - -		- - -	- (2,286,351) -		2,322,844 (2,422,987)		
	-		-		-	(2,286,351)		(100,143)		
	-	_				-		-		
	-		-		3,821	690,776		3,921,059		
	950,000		1,075,046		4,042	 4,392,520		28,227,045		
\$ 9	950,000	\$	1,075,046	\$	7,863	\$ 5,083,296	\$	32,148,104		

City of Wasco

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Government-Wide Statement of Activities For the year ended June 30, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 3,921,059
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities were different because:	
Governmental funds reported capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets was allocated over their estimated lives as depreciation expense.	
Capital outlay and other capitalized expenditures are added back to fund balance Capital assets adjustments	2,219,731 92,763
Statement of Activities, but did not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, depreciation expense was not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	(1,043,172)
Accrued compensated leave payments were reported as expenditures in the governmental funds, however expense is recognized in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities based on earned leave accruals.	(12,430)
Unavailable revenues recorded in the fund financial statements resulting from activities in which revenues were earned but were not available are reclassified as revenues in the Government-Wide Financial Statements.	186,358
Current year employer pension contributions are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds, however, these amounts are reported as a deferred outflow of resources in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position.	755,636
Pension expense/(income) is reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities does not require the use of current financial resources, and therefore is not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	(52,458)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 6,067,487

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

The Water Reclamation and Sewer Fund is used to account for the provisions of sewer service to the residents of the City. All activities necessary to provide such service are accounted for in this fund.

The Water Utility Fund is used to account for the provisions of water service to residents of the City. All activities necessary to provide such service are accounted for in this fund.

The Refuse Collection and Disposal Fund is used to account for the collection and disposal of refuse within the City. All activities necessary to provide such service are accounted for in this fund.

The Public Transportation Fund accounts for the operations of a Dial-A-Ride system for general transportation of all citizens and a Social Services System which transports seniors and handicapped.

The Compressed Natural Gas (CNG) Fueling Station Fund accounts for two fill pumps available to the City of Wasco, Local School Districts, and the general public.

City of Wasco Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2022

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
	Water	71	Refuse	r	_	Total		
	Reclamation	Water			CNG Fueling	Proprietary		
	and Sewer	Utility	Disposal	Public Transportation	Station	Funds		
ASSETS								
Current Assets:								
Cash and investments	\$ 6,463,818	\$ 11,333,990	\$ 4,153,490	\$ 11,753	\$ 239,164	\$ 22,202,215		
Receivables, net	248,144	621,437	660,261	65,574	(3,680)	1,591,736		
Total current assets	6,711,962	11,955,427	4,813,751	77,327	235,484	23,793,951		
	0,711,702	11,755,427	4,013,731	11,321	233,404	23,173,731		
Noncurrent: Advances to other funds		563,649				F(2, (40,		
Capital assets:	-	363,649	-	-	-	563,649		
Nondepreciable	213,349	1,245,017	30,900	30,900	_	1,520,166		
Depreciable	29,218,733	19,741,552	4,732,188	1,814,628	1,362,004	56,869,105		
Less accumulated depreciation	(15,931,897)	(7,719,112)	(4,017,251)	(1,012,883)	(380,233)	(29,061,376)		
Net capital assets	13,500,185	13,267,457	745,837	832,645	981,771	29,327,895		
Total noncurrent assets	13,500,185	13,831,106	745,837	832,645	981,771	29,891,544		
Total assets	20,212,147	25,786,533	5,559,588	909,972	1,217,255	53,685,495		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	20/212/11/	20)1 00)000	0,007,000	707/372	1,217,200	00,000,170		
Deferred pension related items	236,955	262,550	484,107	52,990	3,399	1,040,001		
Total deferred outflows of resources	236,955	262,550	484,107	52,990	3,399	1,040,001		
LIABILITIES			<u>, </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable	23,904	118,214	76,378	24,748	7,930	251,174		
Deposits payable	(1,620)	144,654	(1,119)	-	-	141,915		
Accrued liabilities	11,599	9,178	13,683	2,601	42	37,103		
Unearned revenue	-	-	-	260,032	-	260,032		
Compensated absences - current	8,161	11,748	26,535	3,134	73	49,651		
Total current liabilities	42,044	283,794	115,477	290,515	8,045	739,875		
Noncurrent liabilities:								
Compensated absences	14,025	18,973	38,645	5,497	54	77,194		
Net pension liability	391,485	433,772	799,819	87,547	5,617	1,718,240		
Total noncurrent liabilities	405,510	452,745	838,464	93,044	5,671	1,795,434		
Total liabilities	447,554	736,539	953,941	383,559	13,716	2,535,309		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred pension related items	364,627	404,013	744,948	81,541	5,231	1,600,360		
Total deferred inflows of resources	364,627	404,013	744,948	81,541	5,231	1,600,360		
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets	13,500,185	13,267,457	745,837	832,645	981,771	29,327,895		
Restricted for capital projects	1,735,824	-	-	-	-	1,735,824		
Unrestricted	4,400,912	11,641,074	3,598,969	(334,783)	219,936	19,526,108		
Total net position	\$ 19,636,921	\$ 24,908,531	\$ 4,344,806	\$ 497,862	\$ 1,201,707	\$ 50,589,827		

City of Wasco Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds

For the year ended June 30, 2022

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds										
	Water	Total									
	Reclamation	Water	Collection and	Public	CNG Fueling	Proprietary					
	and Sewer	Utility	Disposal	Transportation	Station	Funds					
OPERATING REVENUES:											
Charges for services	\$ 2,353,298	\$ 3,368,210	\$ 3,258,298	\$ 6,326	\$ 108,345	\$ 9,094,477					
Rental income	141,597	-	-	-	-	141,597					
Cost recoveries	-	257,930	22,457	-	-	280,387					
Miscellaneous											
Total operating revenues	2,494,895	3,626,140	3,280,755	6,326	108,345	9,516,461					
OPERATING EXPENSES:											
Wages and benefits	516,168	477,255	1,348,462	155,518	13,980	2,511,383					
Administration	876,427	996,956	1,384,563	142,643	22,891	3,423,480					
Materials and supplies	21,669	14,980	39,998	-	-	76,647					
Maintenance and repairs	53,084	115,310	108	-	18,047	186,549					
Utilities	90,520	690,608	11,899	-	79,248	872,275					
Depreciation	630,870	493,161	237,114	51,286	27,240	1,439,671					
Total operating expenses	2,188,738	2,788,270	3,022,144	349,447	161,406	8,510,005					
Operating income (loss)	306,157	837,870	258,611	(343,121)	(53,061)	1,006,456					
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):											
Interest income	28,199	48,330	19,122	-	1,202	96,853					
Local transportation funding	-	-	-	93,317	-	93,317					
Grants	-	57,399	43,096	343,738	-	444,233					
Connection fees	330,072	-	-	-	-	330,072					
Interest expense	-	-	-	-	-	-					
Gain on sale of capital assets											
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	358,271	105,729	62,218	437,055	1,202	964,475					
Income before contributions and transfers	664,428	943,599	320,829	93,934	(51,859)	1,970,931					
CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS:											
Transfers in	-	135,045	-	-	-	135,045					
Transfers out	(2,154)	(22,571)	(10,177)	-	-	(34,902)					
Total contributions and transfers	(2,154)	112,474	(10,177)	-	-	100,143					
Change in net position	662,274	1,056,073	310,652	93,934	(51,859)	2,071,074					
NET POSITION:											
Beginning of year	18,974,647	23,852,458	4,034,154	403,928	1,253,566	48,518,753					
End of year	\$ 19,636,921	\$ 24,908,531	\$ 4,344,806	\$ 497,862	\$ 1,201,707	\$ 50,589,827					

City of Wasco

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Net Position

Proprietary Funds

For the year ended June 30, 2022

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds											
	Water Reclamation and Sewer		Water Utility		Refuse Collection and Disposal		Public Transportation		CNG Fueling Station			Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:												
Cash received from customers, including cash deposits Cash received from rental activities Cash received from reimbursements and cost recoveries Cash paid to suppliers Cash paid to employees	\$	2,308,194 141,597 - (1,498,492) (787,214)	\$	3,385,559 - 257,930 (1,820,960) (814,846)	\$	3,014,467 - 22,457 (1,380,078) (1,469,979)	\$	36,306 - (119,449) (194,368)	\$	110,131 - - (112,404) (11,930)	\$	8,854,657 141,597 280,387 (4,931,383) (3,278,337)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		164,085		1,007,683		186,867		(277,511)		(14,203)		1,066,921
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:												
Cash transferred from other funds Cash transferred to other funds Interfund borrowings Connection fees Subsidy from TDA revenues Subsidy from grants		(2,154) - 330,072 - -		135,045 (22,571) 563,649 - - 57,399		(10,177) - - - 43,096		- (147,792) - 93,317 343,738		- - - -		135,045 (34,902) 415,857 330,072 93,317 444,233
Net cash provided by (used in)								•				
noncapital financing activities		327,918		733,522		32,919		289,263		-		1,383,622
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCE	NG A	ACTIVITIES	:	_				_				
Purchase of capital assets Proceeds from sale of capital assets		(237,921)		(264,166)		(9,050)		1		- -		(511,136)
Net cash provided by (used in)												
capital and related financing activities		(237,921)		(264,166)		(9,050)		1				(511,136)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:												
Interest received		28,199	_	48,330		19,122				1,202		96,853
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		28,199	_	48,330		19,122				1,202		96,853
Net cash flows		282,281		1,525,369		229,858		11,753		(13,001)		2,036,260
CASH AND INVESTMENTS - Beginning of year		6,181,537		9,808,621		3,923,632				252,165		20,165,955
CASH AND INVESTMENTS - End of year	\$	6,463,818	\$	11,333,990	\$	4,153,490	\$	11,753	\$	239,164	\$	22,202,215
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO	NET											
CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIE	ES:											
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	\$	306,157	\$	837,870	\$	258,611	\$	(343,121)	\$	(53,061)		1,006,456
Depreciation (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in prepaid expense		630,870 (43,644)		493,161 17,513		237,114 (242,350)		51,286 (65,925)		27,240 1,786 -		1,439,671 (332,620)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities Increase (decrease) in unearned revenues Increase (decrease) in deposits payable		(458,540) 1,748 - (1,460)		(4,325) 1,219 - (164)		52,390 4,100 - (1,481)		22,718 476 95,905		7,790 (8) -		(379,967) 7,535 95,905 (3,105)
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences Increase (decrease) in net pension liability Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows of resources	_	(9,914) (560,205) 297,017 2,056		(11,820) (665,152) 325,943 13,438		(80) (641,941) 642,522 (122,018)		2,509 (104,498) 67,898 (4,759)		(150) (785) 4,776 (1,791)		(19,455) (1,972,581) 1,338,156 (113,074)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	164,085	\$	1,007,683	\$	186,867	\$	(277,511)	\$	(14,203)	\$	1,066,921
	_		_				_				_	

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Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements

The RDA Successor Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund accounts for monies received from the Kern County Auditor Controller for the repayment of the enforceable obligations of the former Wasco Redevelopment Agency. These funds are restricted for the sole purpose of payment of items on an approved Recognized Payment Obligation Schedule (ROPS).

The Wasco Public Financing Authority Custodial Fund is used to account for assets held by the City of Wasco Public Financing Authority as an agent for various local governments and other entities.

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City of Wasco Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2022

	Succes Priva	RDA ssor Agency te Purpose ust Fund	Wasco Public Financing Authority Custodial Fund		
ASSETS					
Cash and investments Investments with fiscal agents - restricted Receivables, net	\$	572,525 - 75,300	\$	545,908 410,226 337	
Total assets		647,825		956,471	
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable		- (47.025		75,782	
Due to County of Kern	-	647,825			
Total liabilities		647,825		75,782	
NET POSITION					
Held in trust for Wasco Public Financing Authority				880,689	
Total Net Position	\$		\$	880,689	

City of Wasco Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds

For the year ended June 30, 2022

	RDA Successor Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund			Wasco Public Financing Authority Custodial Fund		
ADDITIONS:						
Property taxes Investment earnings	\$	- -	\$	125,052 (3,233)		
Total additions	-	-		121,819		
DEDUCTIONS:						
Administration fees		-		20,231		
Interest expense		-		10,413		
Bank fees		-		134		
Debt service principal payment		-		65,000		
Total deductions				95,778		
Change in net position		-		26,041		
NET POSITION:						
Beginning of year, as restated		_		854,648		
End of year	\$		\$	880,689		

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements of the City of Wasco (the "City") have been prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The following summary of the City's more significant accounting policies is presented to assist the reader in interpreting the basic financial statements and other data in this report. These policies should be viewed as an integral part of the accompanying basic financial statements.

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Wasco, California was incorporated on December 17, 1945. The City is a full-service city and operates under a Council - Manager form of government, providing the following services: general government; public safety; public works; and development and conservation. The City is located in Kern County approximately 25 miles northwest of Bakersfield, the County government seat.

The City has defined its reporting entity in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations, and functions should be included in the reporting entity. The Basic Financial Statements present information on the activities of the reporting entity, including all of the fund types of the City (the primary government) and its component units.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the component units be separated into blended or discretely presented units for reporting purposes. Although legally separate entities, blended component units are, in substance, part of the City's operations. Therefore, they are reported as part of the primary government. Discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the basic financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the City. The City has no discretely presented component units.

Blended Component Units

On March 6, 1989, the City and the former Wasco Redevelopment Agency entered into a Joint Exercise of Powers Agreement establishing the Wasco Public Financing Authority (the "Authority") for the purpose of issuing its bonds to be used to provide financial assistance to the City, the Agency or any other public entity of the State of California. The funds of this component unit are reported in the Special Revenue Funds and the Custodial Fund. Separate financial statements are not available for the Authority. The City Council of Wasco is the governing body for the Authority.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

B. Basis of Presentation, Continued

For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes where the amounts are reasonably equivalent in value to the interfund services provided and other charges between the City's sewer, water and refuse function and various other functions of the government. Eliminations of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Indirect expenses have been allocated to major functions in order to present a more accurate and complete picture of the cost of services. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements

The accounting system of the City is organized and operated on the basis of separate funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operation fund of the City or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- b. Total assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.
- c. The government has determined that a fund is important to the financial statement user.

B. Basis of Presentation, Continued

The major funds are as follows:

Governmental Funds

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The revenues of the General Fund consist mostly of property tax, sales tax, motor vehicle tax, and franchise fees.

The Streets Fund is used to account for the City's share of motor fuel tax revenues and special state grants that are legally restricted to construction and maintenance of local roads within the City limits.

The TDA Fund accounts for revenues allocated by the Kern Council of Governments under the Transportation Development Act (TDA). Revenues received are held in this fund and transferred to the Public Transportation Fund and Streets Fund when actual costs of transportations, repairs to streets or replacement of streets are incurred.

The CDBG RLA Fund accounts for several rounds of funding from Community Development Block Grants for low interest housing rehabilitation loans. As these funds pay back, they are counted as program income for the CDBG Revolving Loan Fund. Funds accumulated within this fund are loaned back out for additional low interest housing rehabilitation loans in accordance with the City's agreement with the State Department for Housing and Community Development (HCD). These funds are also used in conjunction with CalHome funds in order to fund larger rehabilitation and reconstruction needs.

The CalHOME Reuse Fund accounts for the several rounds of funding received from the CalHOME Program and as loans are repaid the money is placed in the CalHOME Reuse Fund. The CalHOME Reuse money is available to continue funding eligible activities.

The 2005 HCD Fund accounts for \$950,000 awarded from the California Department of Housing and Community Development to assist in the construction of Poso Place Senior Apartments. The money was lent to F & Poso Street Investors, a California limited partnership.

The RDA Low & Moderate Income Housing fund is a special revenue fund type that accounts for the required 20% set-aside of tax revenues specifically to be used toward low and moderate income housing projects as required by State law.

The Park Impact Fund is a special revenue fund type that accounts for park impact fees collected from new residential developments within the city. These fees are used by the City to provide park and recreational facilities that reasonably serve the new development.

B. Basis of Presentation, Continued

Fund Financial Statements, Continued

Proprietary Funds

The Water Reclamation and Sewer Fund is used to account for the provisions of sewer service to the residents of the City. All activities necessary to provide such service are accounted for in this fund.

The Water Utility Fund is used to account for the provisions of water service to residents of the City. All activities necessary to provide such service are accounted for in this fund.

The Refuse Collection and Disposal Fund is used to account for the collection and disposal of refuse within the City. All activities necessary to provide such service are accounted for in this fund.

The Public Transportation Fund accounts for the operations of a Dial-A-Ride system for general transportation of all citizens and a Social Services System which transports seniors and handicapped.

The Compressed Natural Gas (CNG) Fueling Station Fund accounts for two fill pumps available to the City of Wasco, Local School Districts, and the general public.

Fiduciary Fund

The RDA Successor Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund accounts for monies received from the Kern County Auditor Controller for the repayment of the enforceable obligations of the former Wasco Redevelopment Agency. These funds are restricted for the sole purpose of payment of items on an approved Recognized Payment Obligation Schedule (ROPS).

The Wasco Public Financing Authority Custodial Fund is used to account for assets held by the City of Wasco Public Financing Authority as an agent for various local governments and other entities.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus. The accounting objectives of the economic measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting, Continued

Measurement Focus

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- 1. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- 2. The proprietary fund, and the fiduciary funds utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. It Equity is classified as net position.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available". Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. Revenues which are susceptible to accrual include property taxes and special assessments that are levied for and due for the fiscal year and collected within 60 days after year-end. Licenses, permits, fines, forfeits, charges for services and miscellaneous revenues are recorded as governmental fund type revenues when received in cash because they are not generally measurable until actually received. Revenue from taxpayer assessed taxes, such as sales taxes, are recognized in the accounting period in which they became both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the fiscal period. Grant funds and reimbursements of expenses under contractual agreements are reported in governmental fund types and are recorded as a receivable when earned rather than when susceptible to accrual. Generally, this occurs when authorized expenditures are made under the grant program or contractual agreement. Expenditures are recognized when the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest on long-term debt, which is recognized when due.

The accrual basis of accounting is followed by the proprietary fund and fiduciary funds. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing goods and services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

D. Assets, Liabilities, Net Position or Equity, and Other Financial Statement Items

Cash and Investments

Cash and investment balances of each of the City's funds, except for funds required to be held by outside fiscal agents under the provisions of bond indentures, are pooled in order to take advantage of an effective investment strategy. Income earned from pooled investments is allocated to each of the funds based on average pooled cash balances during the year. Deficit cash balances are classified as due to other funds and funded by the General Fund or related operating fund.

Statues authorize investments in obligations of the United States Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities, commercial paper, bakers' acceptances, repurchase agreements, money market funds, and investment pools. Investments are primarily comprised of holdings in investment pools, certificates of deposit, corporate bonds, muni bonds, and mutual funds. Investments are stated at fair value.

Investment of debt proceeds held by bond trustees are governed by the provisions of the Agency's debt agreement rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code.

For purposes of the Combined Statement of Cash Flows for the Proprietary fund types, cash and cash equivalents includes all pooled cash investments, non-pooled restricted cash and restricted investments with an original maturity of three months or less. The City considers the investments held in LAIF, CSJVRMA, and CalTRUST to be demand deposit accounts where funds may be withdrawn and deposited at any time without prior notice or penalty.

Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as interfund receivables/interfund payables (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or advances to/from other funds (the noncurrent portion) of interfund loans. All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as interfund receivables/interfund payables. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as internal balances.

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources. All trade and tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts and estimated refunds due.

D. Assets, Liabilities, Net Position or Equity, and Other Financial Statement Items, Continued

Property Taxes

Secured property taxes are levied during September of each year for the fiscal year beginning with the preceding July 1 and ending the following June 30. They become a lien on real property on January 1 preceding the fiscal year for which taxes are levied. The Kern County Assessor establishes the value of the property on January 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and are delinquent if not paid by December 10 and April 10, respectively. In 1978, a state constitutional amendment (Proposition 13) provided that the tax rate be limited to 1% of market value, levied only by the County and shared with all other jurisdictions. Such limitation on the rate may only be increased through voter approval. The County collects property taxes and distributes them to taxing jurisdictions on the basis of the taxing jurisdiction's assessed valuations and on the tax rate for voter-approved debt.

Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors applicable to future accounting periods are reported as prepaid items using the consumption method of accounting. Prepaid items do not reflect current appropriable resources and, thus, an equivalent portion of fund balance is reported as nonspendable in governments funds.

Capital Assets and Depreciation

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, traffic signals, drainage systems and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial cost of more than \$5,000 (\$50,000 for infrastructure) and an estimated life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	40
Improvements other than buildings	20
Machinery and Equipment	5 - 8
Infrastructure	20 - 75

D. Assets, Liabilities, Net Position or Equity, and Other Financial Statement Items, Continued

Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation, comp time, and sick pay benefits. Accumulated sick leave is available for illness or personal use but not paid out to employees. Vacation and comp time pay liabilities are calculated at full value based on the employee's current rate of pay. All compensated absence pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Pensions

The City implemented GASB Statements No. 68 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27" and No. 71 "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an amendment to GASB Statement No. 68".

In government-wide and proprietary financial statements, retirement plans (pensions) are required to be recognized and disclosed using the accrual basis of accounting, regardless of the amount recognized as pension expenditures on the governmental fund statements, which use the modified accrual basis of accounting.

In general, the City recognizes a net pension liability that represents the City's proportionate share of the excess of the total pension liability over the fiduciary net position of the pension reflected in the actuarial reports provided by CalPERS. The net pension liability is measured as of the City's prior fiscal year-end. Changes in the net pension liability are recorded in the period incurred as pension expense or as deferred inflows of resources or deferred outflows of resources depending on the nature of the change. The change in net pension liability that are recorded as deferred inflows of resources or deferred outflows of resources (that arise from changes in actuarial assumptions or other inputs and differences between expected or actual experience) are amortized straight-line over the average expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits as of the beginning of the measurement period and are recorded as a component of pension expense.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows or resources relating to pension and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's pension plan with CalPERS and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.Projected earnings on pension investments are recognized as a component of pension expense. Differences between projected and actual investment earnings are reported as deferred inflows of resources or deferred outflows of resources and amortized as a component of pension expense on a closed basis over a five-year period.

D. Assets, Liabilities, Net Position or Equity, and Other Financial Statement Items, Continued

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Initial-issue bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. The difference between the reacquisition price of refunding bonds and the net carrying amount of refunded debt (deferred amount on refunding) is amortized over the shorter of the lives of the refunding debt or remaining life of the refunded debt. Bonds payables are reported net of the unamortized portion of applicable premium, discount or deferred amount on refunding. Amortization of bond premiums or discounts, and deferred amounts on refunding are included in interest expense. Bond issuance costs, except for prepaid bond insurance are expenses in the year of issuance. Prepaid bond insurance is deferred and amortized over the life of the bond.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums, discounts and issuance costs during the period issued. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received are reported as other financing sources, while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 63, "Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position," and GASB Statement No. 65, "Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities," the City recognizes deferred outflows and inflows of resources.

In addition to assets, the Statement of Financial Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. A deferred outflow of resources is defined as a consumption of net assets that applies to a future reporting period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Financial Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. A deferred inflows of resources is defined as an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future reporting period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then.

D. Assets, Liabilities, Net Position or Equity, and Other Financial Statement Items, Continued

Net Position

The government-wide and business-type activities fund financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as follows:

Net Investment In Capital Assets – This category groups all capital assets, including infrastructure, into one component of net position. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets reduce the balance in this category.

Restricted Net Position – This category presents external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The government-wide statement of net position reports \$12,001,871 of restricted net position, of which \$10,266,047 is restricted externally by grantors, creditors, or laws or regulations of other governments and \$1,735,824 is restricted by enabling legislation.

Unrestricted Net Position – This category represents net position of the City, not restricted for any project or other purpose.

When both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, it is the City's policy to use restricted net position first, and then unrestricted net position as they are needed.

Fund Balance - Government Funds

Fund balances of the governmental funds are presented in the financial statements based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. Fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable – Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in a spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - Amounts restricted by external sources (creditors, laws of other governments, etc.) or by constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed - Amounts that are obligated to a specific purpose which are internally imposed by the government through formal action (Ordinances and Resolutions) at the highest level of decision making authority (City Council). These commitments can only be overturned by a like action.

Assigned – Amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are considered neither restricted nor committed. Undesignated excess Fund Balances may be assigned by the City Council, City Manager, or Finance Director for specific purposes through the budget process or agenda items. The assigned designation may be reversed by the City Council at any public meeting.

D. Assets, Liabilities, Net Position or Equity, and Other Financial Statement Items, Continued

Net Position, Continued

Unassigned – Residual positive fund balances within the General Fund, which have not been classified within the other above mentioned categories. Unassigned Fund Balances may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed, or assigned for those specific purposes.

When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which all restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balances are available, the City's policy is to apply in the following order, except for instances wherein an ordinance specifies the fund balance: Restricted, Committed, Assigned, and Unassigned.

The City does not have a formal minimum fund balance requirement.

Appropriated Budget and Budgetary Control

The City Council is required to adopt an annual budget resolution by July 1 of each fiscal year for the General, Special Revenue, Debt Service and Capital Projects funds. The budgets are presented for reporting purposes on a budgetary basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The City of Wasco Public Financing Authority does not adopt a budget for its general fund.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and department. The City Manager may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments requires the approval of the council. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the department level. Unexpended or unencumbered appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year. Encumbered appropriations are reappropriated in the ensuing year's budget.

The City Council adopts budgets for the Enterprise. However, all Proprietary fund types are accounted for on a cost of service (net income), or "capital maintenance" measurement focus. As a result, budget comparisons are impractical. Additionally, the City is not legally mandated to report the results of operations for these Proprietary fund types on a budget comparison basis; therefore, budgetary data related to these funds has not been presented.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

D. Assets, Liabilities, Net Position or Equity, and Other Financial Statement Items, Continued

Deferred Compensation Plan

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with the Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

The laws governing deferred compensation plan assets require plan assets to be held in a Trust for the exclusive benefit of plan participants and their beneficiaries. The assets, all property and rights purchased with such amounts and all income attributable to such amounts, are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants and the beneficiaries. The plan is administered by independent plan administrators through administrative service agreements and hence they have been excluded from these financial statements.

In the year 2021, The City has evaluated the requirements of GASB Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities and GASB Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans and determined that plan didn't meet the criteria to be reported as a fiduciary activity, as required by the above Statements. Moreover, the plan is classified as other employee benefit plan for financial reporting purposes per GASB 97 requirements.

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The City pools all of its cash and investments except those funds required to be held by outside fiscal agents under the provisions of bond indentures.

The following is a summary of the City's cash and investments as classified in the accompanying financial statements:

\$30,748,703
22,202,215
545,908
410,226
572,525
\$54,479,577

Cash and investments on June 30, 2022 consist of the following:

Cash on hand	\$	2,477
Deposits with financial institutions		5,886,786
Total Cash on hand and deposits		5,889,263
Money Market		1,534,588
Central San Joaquin Valley RMA Pool (CSJVRMA)		2,182,913
Local Agency Investment Funds (LAIF)	,	39,701,140
CalTrust		4,761,447
Cash and investments with fiscal agents		410,226
Total investments		48,590,314
Total cash and investments	\$.	54,479,577

A. Deposits:

The carrying amount of the City's cash deposit was \$5,886,786 on June 30, 2022. Balance before reconciling amounts were a positive amount of \$5,976,737 on June 30, 2022. The City has waived collateral requirements for cash deposits, which are fully insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. The remaining amount was collateralized with securities pledged by the pledging financial Institution as permitted by the California Government Code.

The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposit made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public agency deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits. As of June 30, 2022, all of the City's deposits with financial institutions in excess of federal depository insurance limits were held in fully collateralized accounts, as permitted by the California Government Code.

Under Government Code Section 53655, the placement of securities by a bank or savings and loan association with an Agent of Depository has the effect of perfecting the security interest in the name of the local governmental agency.

B. Investment Valuation

The City categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The fair value hierarchy, which has three levels, is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value: Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. All the City's investments are valued using Level 1 inputs based on quoted market prices. The City had the following investments on June 30, 2022:

	Total Fair	Fair Value Measurements Using								
Investment Type	Value	Level	1 Inputs	Level 2	Inputs	Level 3 Inputs				
Investments	\$ -	\$		\$	-	\$				
Total		\$	_	\$	_	\$				
Investments not subject to leveling:										
Money Market	1,534,588									
Central San Joaquin Valley RMA Pool (CSJVRMA)	2,182,913									
Local Agency Investment Funds (LAIF)	39,701,140									
CalTrust	4,761,447									
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	410,226									
Total	\$48,590,314									

The City is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The City's investments with LAIF on June 30, 2022, include a portion of the pool funds invested in Structured Notes and Asset-Backed Securities. These investments include the following:

<u>Structured Notes</u> – are debt securities (other than asset-backed securities) whose cash flow characteristics (coupon rate, redemption amount, or stated maturity) depend upon one or more indices and/or have embedded forwards or options.

<u>Asset-Backed Securities</u> – the bulk of which are mortgage-backed securities, entitle their purchasers to receive a share of the cash flows from a pool of assets such as principal and interest repayments from a pool of mortgages (such as Collateralized Mortgage Obligations) or credit card receivables.

As of June 30, 2022, the City had \$39,701,140 invested in LAIF, which had invested 1.88% of the pool investment funds in Structured Notes and Asset-Backed Securities as compared to 2.31% in the previous year. The LAIF fair value factor of 0.987125 was used to calculate the fair value of the investments in LAIF.

B. Investment Valuation, Continued

The City is a member of CSJVRMA for the purpose of pooling insurance coverage. The CSJVRMA maintains an investment pool which is available to its members. The City invested cash in this pool which is highly liquid. Deposits can be converted to cash within 24 hours without loss of interest. Included in the pool's investment portfolio are securities that are within the statutory limits imposed by government code. The pool's and the City's exposure to credit, market, or legal risk is not available. The fair value of the City's position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares. CSJVRMA is regulated by the California Government Code.

CalTRUST is a Joint Powers Authority created by public agencies in 2005 to provide a convenient method for public agencies to pool their assets for investment purposes. It is governed by a Board of Trustees made up of experienced local agency treasurers and investment officers. The Board sets overall policies for the program and selects and supervises the activities of the investment manager and other agents. Any California public agency that is authorized to join a Joint Powers Authority can participate in CalTRUST. The specific sections of the California Government Code that govern participation in CalTRUST are Sections 6500 and 6509.7, which offers four account options – Government Fund, Money Market Fund, Short-Term Fund and Medium-Term Fund with varying interest rates and terms of length of deposit and withdrawals.

C. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the City's interest rate risk is mitigated is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer-term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

The sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments (including investments held by bond trustees) to market rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity as of June 30, 2022:

	Remaining Maturity							
	12 Months			Total Fair				
Investment Type	or less	1-5 y	1 - 5 years Val					
Money Market	\$ 1,534,588	\$	-	\$ 1,534,588				
Central San Joaquin Valley RMA Pool (CSJVRMA)	2,182,913		-	2,182,913				
Local Agency Investment Funds (LAIF)	39,701,140		-	39,701,140				
CalTrust	4,761,447		-	4,761,447				
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	410,226		_	410,226				
Total	\$48,590,314	\$		\$48,590,314				

D. Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The actual ratings as of June 30, 2022, were as follows:

	Total Fair	Rating as of Fiscal Year-End						
Investment Type	Value	S&P	Moody's	N/A				
Money Market	\$ 1,534,588			Not rated				
Central San Joaquin Valley RMA Pool (CSJVRMA)	2,182,913			Not rated				
Local Agency Investment Funds (LAIF)	39,701,140			Not rated				
CalTrust	4,761,447			Not rated				
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	410,226			Not rated				
Total	\$48,590,314							

<u>Concentration of credit risk</u> – The City is required to disclose any investment in any one issuer that represents 5% or more of total investments. Investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments are excluded from this requirement. As such, the City has no concentration of credit risk that exceeds 5% as June 30, 2022.

<u>Custodial credit risk</u> – For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. With respect to investments, custodial credit risk generally applies only to direct investments in marketable securities. Custodial credit risk does not apply to a local government's indirect investment in securities through the use of mutual funds or government investment pools (such as LAIF).

3. RECEIVABLES

Receivables on June 30, 2022 consist of the following:

Governmental Activities		Gener Func		TD	Α	I	DA Low ncome ousing		Non-Ma overnm Funds	ental	Gov	Total vernmental
Taxes receivable Due from governments Miscellaneous Receivable Allowance for doubtful accour	nts	1	16,640 49,508 00,397 11,927)	\$ 186	- ,358 - -	\$	- 9,513 - -	\$		- - -	\$	1,116,640 245,379 100,397 (11,927)
Total		\$ 1,2	\$ 1,254,618 \$18		,358	\$	9,513 \$				\$	1,450,489
Business-Type Activities				Water Coll		use ction Publi isposal Transpor				U	Bı	Total usiness-Type
Accounts receivable Due from governments Miscellaneous Receivable Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$	267,137 - (18,993)	\$ 647,88 1,59 (28,04	- 7	3	3,266 8,820 - 1,825)	\$	- - 5,574 -	\$	- - (3,680	\$	1,558,286 38,820 63,491 (68,861)
Total	\$	248,144	\$ 621,43	7 \$	66	0,261	\$ 65	5,574	\$	(3,680) \$	1,591,736

4. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, ADVANCES AND TRANSFERS

<u>Due to/from Other Funds</u> - These balances represent short-term loans between funds for cash shortages or expenditures and are expected to be reimbursed within one year. The composition of due to/from balances at June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

	Γ	Due To			
Fund	Ot	her Funds	Other Funds		
Governmental Activities					
General Fund	\$	193,645	\$	-	
TDA		-		186,358	
Non-Major Funds		-		7,287	
Total Due From/To	\$	193,645	\$	193,645	

4. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, ADVANCES AND TRANSFERS, Continued

Advances to/from other Funds - On June 30, 2022 advances to/from other funds were as follows:

	Advanced	Advanced		
Fund	From	То		
Governmental Funds General Fund	\$ 563,649	\$ -		
Total Governmental Funds	563,649			
Proprietary Funds Water Utility		563,649		
Total Proprietary Funds		563,649		
Total Advances	\$ 563,649	\$ 563,649		

\$563,649 advance from Water Utility to Streets fund was for a commercial infrastructure project to be paid back over seven years from assessment collections. During FY2021 Streets fund has been rolled over to the general fund and therefore the advance amount is reported in the general fund.

<u>Transfers Between Funds</u> - With the Council approval, resources may be transferred from one City fund to another. Transfers between funds during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, were as follows:

	Transfers In													
					V	Vater			Refuse			Total		
		General		CDBG	Recla	amation	Water	(Collection		Public	Transfers		
Transfers Out		Fund		RLA	A and Sewe		ewer Utility ar		nd Sewer Utility		and Disposal		nsportation	out
Governmental Funds														
General Fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$135,045	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 135,045		
TDA		1,591		-		-	-		-		-	1,591		
Non-Major Fund		2,240,375		45,976		-	-		-		-	2,286,351		
Proprietary Funds														
Water Reclamation and Sewer		2,154		-		-	-		-		-	2,154		
Water Utility		22,571		-		-	-		-		-	22,571		
Refuse Collection and Disposal		10,177		-		_	_		-			10,177		
Total Transfers In	\$	2,276,868	\$	45,976	\$		\$135,045	\$		\$		\$ 2,457,889		

General Fund transfers in of \$2,276,868 consist of \$2,240,375 from Non-Major Funds to be applied to street operations and various street capital projects, as well as ARPA grant's related expenditures, \$\$1,591 from TDA Fund of State allocation of TDA revenue, and \$2,154 from Water Reclamation & Sewer Fund, \$22,571 from Water Utility Fund & \$10,177 from Refuse Collection & Disposal Fund for Munis software upgrades.

The transfers into Water Utility, of \$135,045, are from the General fund for CARES Act related expenditures.

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Governmental Activities Capital asset for the year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balance June 30, 2021	Additions	Deletions/ Adjustment	Transfers	Balance June 30, 2022
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated					
Land	\$ 2,150,866	\$ 1,409,688	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,560,554
Construction in Progress	1,119,201	559,682	(16,118)	(930,972)	731,793
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	3,270,067	1,969,370	(16,118)	(930,972)	4,292,347
Capital Assets Being Depreciated					
Land Improvements	9,096,825	-	2,686	-	9,099,511
Construction	3,734,175	109,757	49,765	930,972	4,824,669
Infrastructure	28,109,918	36,104	-	-	28,146,022
Machinery and Other	2,313,189	104,500	58,793	-	2,476,482
Vehicles	1,429,792				1,429,792
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	44,683,899	250,361	111,244	930,972	45,976,476
Less Accumulated Depreciation For					
Land Improvements	5,768,074	452,003	-	-	6,220,077
Construction	1,032,123	73,487	664	-	1,106,274
Infrastructure	7,071,503	365,290	-	-	7,436,793
Machinery and Other	1,521,000	92,135	1,699	-	1,614,834
Vehicles	1,149,133	60,257			1,209,390
Total Accumulated Depreciation	16,541,833	1,043,172	2,363		17,587,368
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	28,142,066	(792,811)	108,881	930,972	28,389,108
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net	\$ 31,412,133	\$ 1,176,559	\$ 92,763	\$ -	\$ 32,681,455

Depreciation expense for capital assets was charged to functions as follows:

Depreciation expense for capital assets was charged to functions as follows:

General government	\$ 136,686
Public safety	2,321
Public works	 904,165
	\$ 1,043,172

5. CAPITAL ASSETS, Continued

Business-Type Activities' Capital Assets for the year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

Business-Type Activities	Balance June 30, 2021	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Balance June 30, 2022	
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated						
Land	\$ 767,323	\$ 141,214	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 908,537	
Construction in Progress	3,886,449	15,953		(3,290,773)	611,629	
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	4,653,772	157,167		(3,290,773)	1,520,166	
Capital Assets Being Depreciated						
Land Improvements	7,210,841	-	-	-	7,210,841	
Construction	21,108,481	9,049	-	-	21,117,530	
Infrastructure	8,383,104	192,399	-	3,283,259	11,858,762	
Machinery and Other	12,011,222	152,523	-	7,514	12,171,259	
Vehicles	4,510,713				4,510,713	
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	53,224,361	353,971		3,290,773	56,869,105	
Less Accumulated Depreciation For						
Land Improvements	6,364,905	119,044	-	-	6,483,949	
Construction	8,274,964	419,131	-	-	8,694,095	
Infrastructure	3,386,601	149,349	-	-	3,535,950	
Machinery and Other	6,324,905	447,669	-	-	6,772,574	
Vehicles	3,270,330	304,478			3,574,808	
Total Accumulated Depreciation	27,621,705	1,439,671			29,061,376	
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	25,602,656	(1,085,700)		3,290,773	27,807,729	
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, net	\$ 30,256,428	\$ (928,533)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 29,327,895	

Depreciation expense for Business-Type Activities were as follows:

Depreciation expense for Business-Type Activities were as follows:

Water Reclamation and Sewer	\$ 630,870
Water Utility	493,161
Refuse Collection and Disposal	237,114
Public Transportation	51,286
CNG Fueling Station	27,240
	\$ 1,439,671

6. ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accrued Liabilities on June 30, 2022, as reported on the Statement of Net Position are detailed as follows:

	Ger	General Fund			
Governmental Activities					
Accrued Payroll	\$	35,673			
Employee Withholdings		94,020			
Other Liabilities		63,283			
Total	\$	192,976			

	Water Refuse										
	Recl	amation	Water	Co	ollection	I	ublic	CNC	Fueling		Total
	An	d Sewer	Utility	and	Disposal	Trans	sportation	S	tation	Busi	ness-Type
Business-Type Activities											
Accrued Payroll	\$	8,327	\$ 9,178	\$	13,683	\$	2,601	\$	42	\$	33,831
Accrued Interest Payable		3,272									3,272
Total	\$	11,599	\$ 9,178	\$	13,683	\$	2,601	\$	42	\$	37,103

7. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

	Balance June 30, 2021		Additions		Reductions		Balance June 30, 2022		e Within ne Year
Governmental Activities Compensated Absences	\$	106,413	\$ 130,794	\$	(118,364)	\$	118,843		46,348
Total Governmental Activities		106,413	130,794		(118,364)		118,843		46,348
Business-Type Activities Compensated Absences		146,300	140,899		(160,354)		126,845		49,651
Total Business-Type Activities		146,300	140,899		(160,354)		126,845		49,651
Total Statement of Net Position	\$	252,713	\$ 271,693	\$	(278,718)	\$	245,688	\$	95,999

The compensated absences for business-type activities will be paid by the respective funds in which the expense was accrued. Compensated absences for governmental activities are typically paid from the General Fund.

8. UNEARNED REVENUE

Unearned Revenue consists of moneys received where the City has not yet incurred the qualifying expenditures as follows:

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities								 Fiduciary Fund
General Grant		71,970	\$	-	\$ _						
Emergency Response		21,879		-	-						
Park Impact Fees		702,536		-	-						
APRA Grant		1,695,285		-	-						
TDA		-		260,032	 -						
Total	\$	2,491,670	\$	260,032	\$ -						

9. PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOLS

The City maintains self-insurance programs for workers' compensation, general public liability, auto liability and property coverage through its membership in the Central San Joaquin Valley Risk Management Authority (CSJVRMA). The CSJVRMA is comprised of 55 member cities and special districts and is organized under a Joint Powers Agreement pursuant to the California Government Code. The purpose of the CSJVRMA is to arrange and administer programs of insurance for the pooling of self-insured losses and to purchase excess insurance coverage. Each member has a representative on the Board of Directors with officers of the CSJVRMA being elected annually by the Board Members.

Liability Program: The program provides \$54 million of coverage per occurrence for general & automobile liability and public officials errors & omission coverage. CSJVRMA members self-fund the first \$1 million of exposure; losses above \$1 million to \$54 million are covered through CSJVRMA's participation in the California Affiliated Risk Management Authority's (CARMA) excess pool. The California Affiliated Risk Management Authority (CARMA) is comprised of six member Joint Power Authorities and is organized under a Joint Powers Agreement pursuant to the California Government Code. Losses exceeding \$1 million up to \$54 million are covered through reinsurance. Within CSJVRMA's \$1 million retention, the City of Wasco selected a self-insured retention of \$25,000. The pool shares all losses exceeding a member's self-insured retention.

Employment Practices Liability (EPL): This program from CSJVRMA covers the EPL exposures through the Employment Risk Management Authority (ERMA). ERMA is comprised of eight members Joint Power Authorities and is organized under a Joint Powers Agreement pursuant to the California Government Code. ERMA covers \$2 million for each occurrence less the members' retained limit of \$1 million.

Workers' Compensation: The program is a risk sharing pool. The City self-insures for the first \$500,000 of liability. Losses in excess of \$500,000, up to \$5 million are covered through CSJVRMA's participation in the Local Agency Workers' Compensation Excess JPA (LAWCX) which is comprised of 32 different Joint Power Authorities. For excess coverage, LAWCX is a member of the California State Association of Counties Excess Insurance Authority which provides coverage up to the statutory limit.

Property Insurance: The City, through its membership in CSJVRMA participates in a pooled program. CSJVRMA members self-fund the first \$25,000 of loss; losses above \$25,000 to \$1,000,000,000 are covered through excess property and boiler & machinery policies. The City of Wasco's deductible is \$5,000 or \$10,000 per loss.

9. PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOLS, Continued

The latest audited financial information available from CSJVRMA is for the year ended June 30, 2022 as follows:

Total Assets	\$ 150,837,823
Total Liabilities	118,663,929
Total Net Position	\$ 32,173,894
Total Revenue Total Expenses	\$ 66,885,024 55,557,907
Change in Net Position	\$ 11,327,117

10. RETIREMENT PLAN

A. General Information about the Pension Plans

Plan Description. The City contributes to the Miscellaneous Plan and the Safety Plan, which are both cost sharing multiple employers defined benefit pension plan administered by the California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS). CalPERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public employers within the State of California. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes within the Public Employees' Retirement Law. The City selects optional benefit provisions from the benefit menu by contract with CalPERS and adopts those benefits through board resolution. CalPERS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report which is publicly available and can be obtained at CalPERS' website under Forms and Publications.

Benefits Provided and Employees Covered. CalPERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and plan beneficiaries. The Miscellaneous Plan has three Tiers of benefits. Tier I – Applicable to employees hired prior to January 1, 2013, with a formula of 3% at age 60. Tier II – Also applicable to employees hired prior to January 1, 2013, with a formula of 2.5% at age 55. Tier III – Applicable to new CalPERS members hired on or after January 1, 2013, as a result of Public Employees' Pension Reform Act of 2013 (PEPRA) with a formula of 2% at age 62. The Safety Plan with a formula of 2% at age 55 is for the City's inactive police department and therefore has no active employees.

As of the June 30, 2021 measurement date, the City had the following employees covered by benefit term:

	Misc	Miscellaneous Plan					
	Tier I	Tier I Tier II Tier III		Plan			
Active	21	5	35	-			
Transferred	23	2	11	-			
Separated	10	2	17	-			
Retired	60	4	_	14			

A. General Information about the Pension Plans, Continued

Contributions. Active plan members are required to contribute 10% of their annual covered salary for Miscellaneous Plan Tier I and Tier II and 6.25% for Miscellaneous Plan Tier III. The City makes the contributions required of City's contract employees on their behalf and for their account for Tier 1 and Tier II. The City is also required to contribute the actuarially determined annual required contributions necessary to fund the plans. The actuarial methods and assumptions used are those adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration. The average required employer contribution rate for the fiscal year 2020-21 was 15.445% (Tier I) and 11.742% (Tier II) and 7.732% (Tier III) and 0% (Safety) of annual covered salary. The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by State statute and the employer contribution rate is established and may be amended by CalPERS.

On June 30, 2022, the City reported net pension liability of \$3,303,673 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability.

The City's net pension liability for the Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of the Plan was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020 rolled forward to June 30, 2021 using the standard update procedure. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan as of June 30, 2020 and 2021 was as follows:

Proportion - June 30, 2020	0.06537%
Proportion - June 30, 2021	0.06109%
Change - Increase (Decrease)	-0.00428%

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized pension income of \$83,469. On June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows		Dete	rred Inflows
	of	Resources	of	Resources
Difference between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	393,938	\$	-
Difference between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings		-		2,772,910
Differences between Employer's Contributions and		-		151,537
Proportionate Share of Contributions				
Changes in Employer's Proportion		31,110		152,576
Pension Contributions Made Subsequent to Measurement Date		1,574,569		
Total	\$	1,999,617	\$	3,077,023

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources, Continued

\$1,574,569 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	
2023	\$ (679,030)
2024	(581,190)
2025	(625,741)
2026	(766,014)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. The total pension liability for the June 30, 2021 measurement period was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, rolled forward to June 30, 2021 using standard update procedures. The total pension liability for the measurement date June 30, 2021 were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal in accordance with the requirements		
	of GASB Statement No. 68		
Actuarial Assumptions			
Discount Rate	7.15%		
Inflation 2.50%	2.50%		
Salary Increases	Varies by Entry Age and Service		
Mortality Rate Table *	Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all Funds		
Post Retirement Benefit Increase	Contract COLA up to 2.50% until Purchasing Power		
	Protection Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power applies,		

*The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS-specific data. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale 90% of scale MP 2016. For more details on this table, please refer to the December 2017 experience study report (based on CalPERS demographic data from 1997 to 2015) that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Changes in Assumption. There were no changes of assumptions during the measurement period June 30, 2021. Deferred inflows of resources for changes in assumptions presented in the deferred outflows/inflows table above represents the portion of the changes of assumptions related to prior measurement periods.

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources, Continued

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15 percent. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. The tests revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore, the current 7.15 percent discount rate is appropriate, and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not deemed necessary. The long term expected discount rate of 7.15 percent will be applied to all plans in the Public Employees' Retirement Fund (PERF). The cash flows used in the testing were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. The stress test results are presented in a detailed report called "GASB Crossover Testing Report" that can be obtained at CalPERS website under the GASB 68 section.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical and forecasted information for all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the rounded single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

The table on the next page reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources, Continued

Asset Class (1)	Assumed Asset Allocation	Real Return Years 1 - 10 ⁽²⁾⁽⁴⁾	Real Return Years 11+ ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾
Global equity	50.00%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed income	28.00%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation assets	0.00%	0.77%	1.81%
Private equity	8.00%	6.30%	7.23%
Real assets	13.00%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.00%	0.00%	-0.92%
Total	100%		

⁽¹⁾ In the System's CAFR, Fixed Income is included in Global Debt Securities; Liquidity is included in Short-Term Investments; Inflation Assets are included in both Global Equity Securities and Global Debt Securities.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the net pension liability calculated using a discount rate of 7.15%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (6.15%) or 1 percentage-point higher (8.15%) than the current rate:

1% Decrease	6.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$ 7,597,696
Current Discount Rate	7.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$ 3,303,673
1% Increase	8.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$ (245,550)

Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial report. The plan fiduciary net position may differ from the plan assets reported in the actuarial valuation report due to several reasons. First, for the accounting valuations, CalPERS must keep items such as deficiency reserves, fiduciary self-insurance and OPEB expense included in fiduciary net position. These amounts are excluded for rate setting purposes in the funding actuarial valuation.

Payable to the Pension Plan. On June 30, 2022, the City reported a payable of \$0 for outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended June 30, 2022.

⁽²⁾ An expected inflation of 2.00% used for this period.

⁽³⁾ An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period.

⁽⁴⁾ Figures are based on previous ALM of 2017

11. CONDUIT DEBT OBLIGATIONS

In addition to the Long-Term Liabilities discussed in Note 7, Long-Term Liabilities have been issued in the name of the Wasco Public Financing Authority. Neither the City, nor the Authority, is obligated in any manner for the repayment of these obligations. The Authority acts as an agent to property owners for the collection and repayment of Special Assessment Debt.

These bonds were issued for the purpose of enabling the Authority to acquire qualified obligations and were issued under the authority of the Marks-Roos Local Bond Pooling Act of 1985. The purchased obligations are generally repaid by a special assessment against real estate and were used to finance the construction of necessary infrastructure, including but not limited to curbs, gutters, sidewalks, waterlines, and sanitary sewer facilities. The special assessment obligations serve as security for the bonds issued by the Authority. The bonds payable and special assessments outstanding are detailed as follows:

	Re	Remaining Outstanding		ıtstanding
Assessment Districts	C	Collections		ebt Service
91-2B Summerfield	\$	8,073	\$	10,850
93-1 Southside - Childress		51,466		89,775
Total	\$	59,539	\$	100,625

The "Remaining Collections" represents the sum of the remaining principal and interest for each active parcel after 2021/22 debt service has been billed.

12. DEFICIT FUND BALANCES AND NET POSITION

As of June 30, 2022 the following funds had a fund deficit:

Governmental Funds	
TDA	\$ (186,358)
Total Governmental Funds	\$ (186,358)

The above deficits are a result of expenditures prior to grant reimbursement.

13. EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the General Fund and other Major Funds had the following expenditures in excess of its budget:

	Amount	
	Exceeded	
Funds	Budget	
General Fund:		
Public works -code compliance	\$	(14,437)
CDBG RLA:		
Community development		(8,558)
CalHOME Reuse:		
Community development		(148)

Sufficient resources were available within the funds to finance these overages.

14. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

Grant Awards - The City participates in certain Federal, and State assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives.

An audit of the City's Caltrans projects by the California Department of Transportation (Caltrans), determined that a violation of Caltrans regulations existed. Consequently, Caltrans determined that \$224,699 potentially be disallowed and required that the City reimburse this amount to Caltrans. During fiscal year 2021/2022 the City paid Caltrans a sum of \$224,699 to resolve the dispute.

15. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

The City recorded prior period adjustment to correct net position balance of the Custodial Fund as of June 30, 2021, because bond payable was wrongly reported as part of its liabilities. The adjustments were as follows:

			Prior P	eriod Adjustments		
	Net F	osition, as			Net l	Position, as
	Previously Reported				Restated at	
	at June 30, 2021		Liabilities		June 30, 2021	
Fiduciary Funds - Custodial Fund		_				_
Wasco Public Financing Authority	\$	754,648	\$	100,000	\$	854,648

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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City of Wasco Required Supplementary Information Cost Sharing Defined Benefit Pension Plan For the year ended June 30, 2022

Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios as of the Measurement Date

Fiscal year	2022	2021	2020	2019
Measurement date:	6/30/2021	6/30/2020	6/30/2019	6/30/2018
Proportion share of the net pension liability	0.06109%	0.06537%	0.06518%	0.07044%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 3,303,673	\$ 7,112,777	\$ 6,679,161	\$ 6,787,909
Covered payroll	\$ 3,607,271	\$ 3,159,408	\$ 3,061,133	\$ 2,823,120
Proportionate share of the net pension liability / (asset)				
as a percentage of its covered payroll	91.58%	225.13%	218.19%	240.44%
Proportionate share of the fiduciary net position as a				
percentage of the City's net pension liability	88.29%	75.10%	75.26%	75.26%
Fiscal year	2018	2017	2016	2015
-				
Measurement date:	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	6/30/2015	6/30/2014
Proportion share of the net pension liability	0.07368%	0.07712%	0.08293%	0.09319%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 7,307,480	\$ 6,673,668	\$ 5,692,558	\$ 5,450,478
Covered payroll	\$ 3,187,601	\$ 2,976,881	\$ 3,004,620	\$ 2,525,280
	+ 0,-0.,00-	Ψ 2,710,001	Ψ 5,00±,020	T -//
Proportionate share of the net pension liability / (asset)	+ 0,-01,00-	Ψ 2,770,001	Ψ 3,004,020	+ - //
Proportionate share of the net pension liability / (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	229.25%	224.18%	189.46%	215.84%
			,	

Notes to Schedule

<u>Assumption Changes</u>: The CalPERS discount rate was increased from 7.5% to 7.65% in fiscal year 2016, and then decreased from 7.65% to 7.15% in fiscal year 2018. CalPERS mortality assumptions were adjusted in fiscal year 2019.

^{*}Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only seven years are shown.

City of Wasco Required Supplementary Information Cost Sharing Defined Benefit Pension Plan For the year ended June 30, 2022

Schedule of City Contributions

Fiscal Year	6/30/2022	6/30/2021	6/30/2020	6/30/2019
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to actuarially determined contributi Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 1,574,569 (1,574,569)	\$ 1,137,987 (1,137,987) \$	\$ 846,598 (846,598) \$ -	\$ 1,031,256 (1,031,256)
Covered payroll	\$ 3,434,650	\$ 3,607,271	\$ 3,159,408	\$ 3,061,133
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	45.84%	31.55%	26.80%	33.69%
Fiscal Year	6/30/2018	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	6/30/2015
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to actuarially deemed contributions	\$ 934,521 (934,521)	\$ 915,447 (915,447)	\$ 861,299 (861,299)	\$ 650,046 (650,046)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered employee-payroll	\$ 2,823,120	\$ 3,187,601	\$ 2,976,881	\$ 3,004,620
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	33.10%	28.72%	28.93%	21.63%

Notes to the Schedule:

*Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only seven years are shown

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Valuation date June 30, 2019

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal, cost method Varies by date established and source

Remaining amortization period Differs by employer rate plan but not more than 29 years

Assets valuation method Market value of assets

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases Depending on age, service and type of employment

Investment rate of return 7% (net of administrative expenses)

Mortality Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all Funds. The post-retirement

mortality. The post-retirement mortality rates include 15 years of projected ongoing mortality improvement using 90 percent of Scale MP 2016 published by

1. BUDGET AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

Budgeting Procedures

The City's fiscal year runs from July 1 through June 30. Each year, the Finance Director prepares the Proposed Operating Budget and Capital Improvement Program which are adopted in June. The budget process is as follows:

- In January, the City Council meets to set the goals and priorities for the upcoming fiscal year.
- In February, the department supervisors, superintendents, and deputy directors meet with the department directors to review the budget requests.
- In February and March, the department directors meet with the Finance Director and Accounting Manager to review the budget requests.
- In April, each department director meets with the City Manager, Finance Director and Accounting Manager to review the budget requests.
- In May and June, the City Council holds special budget workshop meetings. At these meetings, the public is invited to comment on the Proposed Operating Budget and Capital Improvement Program and the Council makes a number of important policy decisions regarding the budget.
- In June, the Proposed Operating Budget and Capital Improvement Program, and any changes made to them during the budget workshops, are adopted by resolution.

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Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual General Fund

REVENUES: Original Final Amounts (Negative) Taxcs \$ 8.675.20 \$ 8.808.90 \$ 10.654.35 \$ 1.845.42 Licenses and permits 430.855 473.355 477.20 3.92 Intergovernmental			D. J. d.	۸	-1-		Antoni		ariance with Final Budget Positive
REVENUES: \$ 8,675,200 \$ 8,808,300 \$ 10,654,355 \$ 1,845,421 Licenses and permits 430,855 473,355 477,280 3,322 Intergovernmental " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "				Amour					
Section	DEVENIUS		Original		Final		Amounts		(Negative)
Internation		¢	9 67E 220	¢.	0 000 020	ď	10.654.252	æ	1 045 422
Intergovernmental		Ф		Ф		Ф		Ф	
Part	_		430,833		473,333		•		
Fines, price further and assessments 32,500 32,500 50,863 18,365 Miscellaneous 27,114 27,114 485,042 430,522 Total revenues 52,714 72,114 72,114 72,114 Total revenues 52,714 72,114 72,114 72,114 Giry Guncil 286,823 106,835 82,377 24,455 City Guncil 286,823 106,835 82,377 24,455 City Manager 444,901 39,344 28,547 10,445 City damager 444,901 39,344 28,547 10,445 City alterney 280,900 23,381 69,600 Human resources and risk management 43,587 43,587 55,21 38,060 City alterney 250,000 250,000 158,992 92,000 City alterney 250,000 250,000 250,000 250,000 City alterney 250,000 250,000 250,000 250,000 City alterney 250,000 250,000 250,000 250,000 City alterney 250,000 250,000 250,000 250,000 250,000 250,000 City alterney 250,000 250,000 250,000 250,000 250,000 250,000 250,000 250,000 250,000 250,000 250,000 250,000 250,00	_		170 448		121.070		•		
Use of money and property 123,000 123,000 (61,259) (75,255) Miscellaneous 27,114 27,114 458,042 430,022 EXPENDITURES: User carriers City Council 286,822 116,835 82,377 24,455 City Council 286,822 116,835 82,377 24,455 City Council 28,832 33,330 2,187 31,442 City Council 28,982 89,990 20,381 69,000 City Almager 44,901 39,394 28,547 10,442 City attorney 250,000 89,990 20,381 69,000 City attorney 250,000 250,000 15,892 91,000 Total general government 1,139,131 563,136 298,005 265,33 Fluids selvy 250,000 250,000 158,902 21,000 Sherriff 4,561,076 4,963,356 4,691,768 271,588 Almial control 33,813 51,839 330,225 <td>9</td> <td></td> <td>•</td> <td></td> <td>*</td> <td></td> <td>· ·</td> <td></td> <td></td>	9		•		*		· ·		
Miscellaneous 27,114 27,114 458,042 430,226 104 104 105,042	•				•		•		(754,259)
EXPENDITURES: Current Current			•		•		. ,		430,928
Current: General government City Council 286,823 106,835 82,377 24,458 City Manager 444,901 39,394 28,547 10,847 City Clerk 23,830 33,30 21,87 31,144 Finance and accounting 89,990 89,990 20,381 69,608 Finance and accounting 89,990 250,000 158,992 91,008 City attorney 250,000	Total revenues		9,459,147						1,896,920
Cameral government	EXPENDITURES:		_				_		
City Council 286,823 106,835 82,377 24,485 City Manager 444,901 39,394 28,547 10,845 City Clerk 23,830 33,330 2,187 31,145 Finance and accounting 89,990 89,990 20,381 69,600 Human resources and risk management 43,587 43,587 5,521 38,66 City attorney 250,000 250,000 158,992 91,000 Total general government 1,139,131 563,136 298,005 265,133 Public safety 5 4,681,676 4,963,356 4,691,768 271,588 Animal control 338,139 351,839 330,223 21,616 Fire 1,037,200 634,820 504,245 94,772 Total public safety 5,936,515 5,950,015 5562,226 387,772 Public works 1,089,290 1,083,967 856,736 227,235 Community development 2,000,200 1,000,200 486,814 496,824 478,899 438,31	Current:								
City Manager 444,901 39,394 28,547 10,827 City clerk 23,830 33,330 2,187 31,145 Finance and accounting 89,990 89,990 20,381 69,600 Human resources and risk management 43,587 43,587 5,521 38,660 City attorney 250,000 250,000 158,992 91,000 Total general government 1,139,131 563,136 298,005 265,131 Public safety 5,610,766 4,963,356 4,691,768 271,588 Animal control 338,139 351,839 330,223 21,616 Fire 1,037,300 634,820 540,245 94,577 Total public safety 5,936,515 5,950,015 5,562,236 387,778 Public works 1,089,290 1,083,967 856,736 227,237 Total public safety 4,986,23 478,899 438,311 40,588 Engineering 625,407 625,211 262,241 362,977 Building inspection <	6								
City clerk 23,830 33,330 2,187 31,145 Finance and accounting 89,990 89,990 20,381 69,606 Human resources and risk management 43,587 43,587 5,521 38,606 City attorney 250,000 158,992 91,000 Total general government 1,139,131 563,136 298,005 265,513 Public safety 4,561,076 4,963,356 4,691,768 271,588 Animal control 338,139 351,839 330,223 21,616 Fire 1,037,300 634,820 540,245 94,577 Total public safety 5936,515 5950,015 5,662,266 387,77 Public works 1,089,290 1,083,967 856,766 227,23 Total public safety 498,623 478,899 438,311 40,588 Engineering 625,407 625,211 262,241 36,297 Building inspection 515,202 515,202 461,724 53,478 Code compliance 374,81 <td< td=""><td>•</td><td></td><td>•</td><td></td><td>•</td><td></td><td>·</td><td></td><td>24,458</td></td<>	•		•		•		·		24,458
Finance and accounting 89,990 89,990 20,381 69,600 Human resources and risk management 43,887 43,587 5,521 38,666 City attorney 250,000 250,000 158,992 91,000 Total general government 1,139,131 563,136 298,005 265,133 Public safety 563,139 330,232 21,518 Animal control 338,139 351,839 330,223 21,616 Fire 1,037,300 634,820 540,245 94,577 Total public safety 5,936,515 5,950,015 5,562,236 387,775 Public works 1,089,290 1,083,967 856,736 227,235 Community development 498,623 478,899 438,311 40,588 Engineering 625,407 625,211 262,241 362,979 Building inspection 515,202 515,202 461,724 53,478 Code compliance 374,325 377,445 391,882 144,33 Total community development 95	-		•		•		28,547		10,847
Human resources and risk management 43,587 43,587 5,521 38,066 City attorney 250,000 250,000 158,992 91,000 Total general government 1,139,131 563,136 298,005 265,131 Public safety	-		•		33,330		2,187		31,143
City attorney 250,000 250,000 158,992 91,000 Total general government 1,139,131 563,136 298,005 265,133 Public safety Sheriff 4,561,076 4,963,356 4,691,768 271,588 Animal control 338,139 351,839 330,223 21,616 Fire 1,037,300 634,820 540,245 94,577 Total public safety 5,936,515 5,950,015 5,562,236 387,777 Public works 1,089,290 1,083,967 856,736 227,233 Community development 200,000 498,623 478,899 438,311 40,588 Engineering 498,623 478,899 438,311 40,588 Engineering 625,407 625,211 262,241 362,970 Building inspection 515,202 515,202 461,724 53,478 Code compliance 374,325 377,445 391,826 (14,432) Total community development 9,552,325 377,445 39,826 442,9	Finance and accounting		89,990		89,990		20,381		69,609
Total general government	Human resources and risk management		43,587		43,587		5,521		38,066
Public safety	City attorney		250,000		250,000		158,992		91,008
Sheriff 4,561,076 4,963,356 4,691,768 271,588 Animal control 338,139 331,839 330,223 21,616 Fire 1,037,300 634,820 540,245 94,577 Total public safety 5,936,515 5,950,015 5,562,236 387,778 Public works 1,089,290 1,083,967 856,736 227,237 Community development 498,623 478,899 438,311 40,588 Engineering 625,407 625,211 262,241 362,776 Building inspection 1515,202 461,724 334,787 Code compliance 374,325 377,445 391,882 (14,432 Total community development 2,013,557 1,996,757 1,554,158 442,599 Non-departmental 95,541 36,080 21,179 14,900 Capital outlay 8,685,420 8,685,420 2,149,332 6,536,088 Total expenditures 9,500,307 (8,729,406) 1,041,646 7,873,725 REVENUES OVER (UNDER)	Total general government		1,139,131		563,136		298,005		265,131
Sheriff 4,561,076 4,963,356 4,691,768 271,588 Animal control 338,139 331,839 330,223 21,616 Fire 1,037,300 634,820 540,245 94,577 Total public safety 5,936,515 5,950,015 5,562,236 387,778 Public works 1,089,290 1,083,967 856,736 227,237 Community development 498,623 478,899 438,311 40,588 Engineering 625,407 625,211 262,241 362,776 Building inspection 1515,202 461,724 334,787 Code compliance 374,325 377,445 391,882 (14,432 Total community development 2,013,557 1,996,757 1,554,158 442,599 Non-departmental 95,541 36,080 21,179 14,900 Capital outlay 8,685,420 8,685,420 2,149,332 6,536,088 Total expenditures 18,959,454 18,315,375 10,441,646 7,873,725 REVENUES OVER (UNDER)	Public safety								
Fire 1,037,300 634,820 540,245 94,577 Total public safety 5,936,515 5,950,015 5,562,236 387,777 Public works 1,089,290 1,083,967 856,736 227,237 Community development 3498,623 478,899 438,311 40,588 Engineering 625,407 625,211 262,241 362,978 Building inspection 515,022 515,022 461,724 53,478 Code compliance 374,325 377,445 391,882 (14,433) Total community development 2013,557 1,996,757 1,554,158 442,599 Non-departmental 95,541 36,080 21,179 14,900 Capital outlay 8,685,420 8,685,420 2,149,332 6,536,088 Total expenditures 18,959,454 18,315,375 10,441,646 7,873,725 EXPENDITURES 9,500,307 (8,729,406) 1,041,243 9,770,645 Transfers in 3,192,487 3,192,487 2,276,868 (915,615	•		4,561,076		4,963,356		4,691,768		271,588
Total public safety 5,936,515 5,950,015 5,562,236 387,772 Public works 1,089,290 1,083,967 856,736 227,237 Community development Planning 498,623 478,899 438,311 40,588 Engineering 625,407 625,211 262,241 362,97 Building inspection 515,202 515,202 461,724 53,478 Code compliance 374,325 377,445 391,882 (14,432,502) Total community development 2,013,557 1,996,757 1,554,158 442,592 Non-departmental 95,541 36,080 21,179 14,902 Capital outlay: 8,685,420 8,685,420 2,149,332 6,536,088 General capital outlay 8,685,420 8,885,420 2,149,332 6,536,088 EVENUES OVER (UNDER) 9,500,307 (8,729,406) 1,041,243 9,770,649 EXPENDITURES 9,500,307 (8,729,406) 1,041,243 9,770,649 Transfers in 3,192,487 3,192,487 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>·</td> <td></td> <td>21,616</td>							·		21,616
Public works 1,089,290 1,083,967 856,736 227,233 Community development Planning 498,623 478,899 438,311 40,588 Engineering 625,407 625,211 262,241 362,970 Building inspection 515,202 515,202 461,724 53,478 Code compliance 374,325 377,445 391,882 (14,433) Total community development 2,013,557 1,996,757 1,554,158 442,599 Non-departmental 95,541 36,080 21,179 14,903 Capital outlay: General capital outlay 8,685,420 8,685,420 2,149,332 6,536,088 Total expenditures 18,959,454 18,315,375 10,441,646 7,873,725 REVENUES OVER (UNDER) (9,500,307) (8,729,406) 1,041,243 9,770,645 Transfers out (4,302,767) (5,950,759) (135,045) 5,815,714 Total other financing sources (uses) (1,110,280) (2,758,272) 2,141,823 4,900,095 Net c	Fire		1,037,300		634,820				94,575
Community development Planning 498,623 478,899 438,311 40,588 Engineering 625,407 625,211 262,241 362,976 Building inspection 515,202 515,202 461,724 53,478 Code compliance 374,325 377,445 391,882 (14,432) Total community development 2,013,557 1,996,757 1,554,158 442,599 Non-departmental 95,541 36,080 21,179 14,907 Capital outlay: 8,685,420 8,685,420 2,149,332 6,536,089 Total expenditures 18,959,454 18,315,375 10,441,646 7,873,729 EXPENDITURES (9,500,307) (8,729,406) 1,041,243 9,770,649 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in 3,192,487 3,192,487 2,276,868 (915,619 Total other financing sources (uses) (1,110,280) (2,758,272) 2,141,823 4,900,099 Net change in fund balances (10,610,587) (11,487,678) 3,183,066 14,670,744	Total public safety		5,936,515		5,950,015		5,562,236		387,779
Planning 498,623 478,899 438,311 40,588 Engineering 625,407 625,211 262,241 362,970 Building inspection 515,202 515,202 461,724 53,478 Code compliance 374,325 377,445 391,882 (14,432) Total community development 2,013,557 1,996,757 1,554,158 442,599 Non-departmental 95,541 36,080 21,179 14,907 Capital outlay: 6eneral capital outlay 8,685,420 8,685,420 2,149,332 6,536,089 Total expenditures 18,959,454 18,315,375 10,441,646 7,873,729 EXPENDITURES (9,500,307) (8,729,406) 1,041,243 9,770,649 EXPENDITURES (9,500,307) (8,729,406) 1,041,243 9,770,649 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): 3,192,487 3,192,487 2,276,868 (915,619 Transfers in 3,192,487 3,192,487 2,276,868 (915,619 Total other financing sources (uses) (1,110,280) (2	Public works		1,089,290		1,083,967		856,736		227,231
Engineering 625,407 625,211 262,241 362,976 Building inspection 515,202 515,202 461,724 53,478 Code compliance 374,325 377,445 391,882 (14,432) Total community development 2,013,557 1,996,757 1,554,158 442,599 Non-departmental 95,541 36,080 21,179 14,900 Capital outlay: 8,685,420 8,685,420 2,149,332 6,536,088 Total expenditures 18,959,454 18,315,375 10,441,646 7,873,729 EXPENDITURES (9,500,307) (8,729,406) 1,041,243 9,770,649 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): 3,192,487 3,192,487 2,276,868 (915,619 Transfers out (4,302,767) (5,950,759) (135,045) 5,815,714 Total other financing sources (uses) (1,110,280) (2,758,272) 2,141,823 4,900,098 Net change in fund balances (10,610,587) (11,487,678) 3,183,066 14,670,744 FUND BALANCES:	Community development								
Building inspection 515,202 515,202 461,724 53,476 Code compliance 374,325 377,445 391,882 (14,432) Total community development 2,013,557 1,996,757 1,554,158 442,599 Non-departmental 95,541 36,080 21,179 14,907 Capital outlay: General capital outlay 8,685,420 8,685,420 2,149,332 6,536,088 Total expenditures 18,959,454 18,315,375 10,441,646 7,873,729 EVENUES OVER (UNDER) (9,500,307) (8,729,406) 1,041,243 9,770,649 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): 3,192,487 3,192,487 2,276,868 (915,619 Transfers out (4,302,767) (5,950,759) (135,045) 5,815,714 Total other financing sources (uses) (1,110,280) (2,758,272) 2,141,823 4,900,098 Net change in fund balances \$ (10,610,587) (11,487,678) 3,183,066 14,670,744 FUND BALANCES: Beginning of year 17,743,412	Planning		498,623		478,899		438,311		40,588
Code compliance 374,325 377,445 391,882 (14,432,592,502,502,502,502,502,502,502,502,502,50	Engineering		625,407		625,211		262,241		362,970
Total community development 2,013,557 1,996,757 1,554,158 442,595 Non-departmental 95,541 36,080 21,179 14,907 Capital outlay: General capital outlay 8,685,420 8,685,420 2,149,332 6,536,088 Total expenditures 18,959,454 18,315,375 10,441,646 7,873,725 REVENUES OVER (UNDER) (9,500,307) (8,729,406) 1,041,243 9,770,645 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in 3,192,487 3,192,487 2,276,868 (915,619 2,276,868 (915,619 Transfers out (4,302,767) (5,950,759) (135,045) 5,815,714 Total other financing sources (uses) (1,110,280) (2,758,272) 2,141,823 4,900,095 Net change in fund balances \$ (10,610,587) \$ (11,487,678) 3,183,066 \$ 14,670,744 FUND BALANCES: Beginning of year 17,743,412	Building inspection		515,202		515,202		461,724		53,478
Non-departmental 95,541 36,080 21,179 14,907 Capital outlay: General capital outlay 8,685,420 8,685,420 2,149,332 6,536,088 Total expenditures 18,959,454 18,315,375 10,441,646 7,873,729 REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (9,500,307) (8,729,406) 1,041,243 9,770,649 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in 3,192,487 3,192,487 2,276,868 (915,619 Transfers out (4,302,767) (5,950,759) (135,045) 5,815,714 Total other financing sources (uses) (1,110,280) (2,758,272) 2,141,823 4,900,099 Net change in fund balances \$ (10,610,587) \$ (11,487,678) 3,183,066 \$ 14,670,744 FUND BALANCES: Beginning of year 17,743,412	Code compliance		374,325		377,445		391,882		(14,437)
Capital outlay: General capital outlay 8,685,420 8,685,420 2,149,332 6,536,088 Total expenditures 18,959,454 18,315,375 10,441,646 7,873,729 REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (9,500,307) (8,729,406) 1,041,243 9,770,649 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in 3,192,487 3,192,487 2,276,868 (915,619 Transfers out (4,302,767) (5,950,759) (135,045) 5,815,714 Total other financing sources (uses) Net change in fund balances (1,110,280) (2,758,272) (1,148,23) (1,1487,678) 3,183,066 14,670,744 FUND BALANCES: Beginning of year	Total community development		2,013,557		1,996,757		1,554,158		442,599
Capital outlay: General capital outlay 8,685,420 8,685,420 2,149,332 6,536,088 Total expenditures 18,959,454 18,315,375 10,441,646 7,873,729 REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (9,500,307) (8,729,406) 1,041,243 9,770,649 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in 3,192,487 3,192,487 2,276,868 (915,619 Transfers out (4,302,767) (5,950,759) (135,045) 5,815,714 Total other financing sources (uses) Net change in fund balances (1,110,280) (2,758,272) (1,148,23) (1,1487,678) 3,183,066 14,670,744 FUND BALANCES: Beginning of year	Non-departmental		95.541		36,080		21.179		14.901
General capital outlay 8,685,420 8,685,420 2,149,332 6,536,088 Total expenditures 18,959,454 18,315,375 10,441,646 7,873,725 REVENUES OVER (UNDER) (9,500,307) (8,729,406) 1,041,243 9,770,645 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in 3,192,487 3,192,487 2,276,868 (915,615 Transfers out (4,302,767) (5,950,759) (135,045) 5,815,714 Total other financing sources (uses) (1,110,280) (2,758,272) 2,141,823 4,900,095 Net change in fund balances (10,610,587) (11,487,678) 3,183,066 14,670,744 FUND BALANCES: Beginning of year 17,743,412			30,011		30,000		21/17 >		11,501
Total expenditures 18,959,454 18,315,375 10,441,646 7,873,725 REVENUES OVER (UNDER) (9,500,307) (8,729,406) 1,041,243 9,770,645 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): 3,192,487 3,192,487 2,276,868 (915,619 Transfers out (4,302,767) (5,950,759) (135,045) 5,815,714 Total other financing sources (uses) (1,110,280) (2,758,272) 2,141,823 4,900,095 Net change in fund balances \$ (10,610,587) \$ (11,487,678) 3,183,066 \$ 14,670,744 FUND BALANCES: 17,743,412 17,743,412 17,743,412	2		0.605.400		0.405.420		2 1 40 222		(F2 (000
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (9,500,307) (8,729,406) 1,041,243 9,770,645 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in 3,192,487 3,192,487 2,276,868 (915,615) Transfers out (4,302,767) (5,950,759) (135,045) 5,815,714 Total other financing sources (uses) (1,110,280) (2,758,272) 2,141,823 4,900,095 Net change in fund balances \$ (10,610,587) \$ (11,487,678) 3,183,066 \$ 14,670,744 FUND BALANCES: Beginning of year 17,743,412									
EXPENDITURES (9,500,307) (8,729,406) 1,041,243 9,770,648 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in 3,192,487 3,192,487 2,276,868 (915,619) Transfers out (4,302,767) (5,950,759) (135,045) 5,815,714 Total other financing sources (uses) (1,110,280) (2,758,272) 2,141,823 4,900,095 Net change in fund balances \$ (10,610,587) \$ (11,487,678) 3,183,066 \$ 14,670,744 FUND BALANCES: Beginning of year 17,743,412			18,959,454		18,315,375		10,441,646		7,873,729
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in 3,192,487 3,192,487 2,276,868 (915,619) Transfers out (4,302,767) (5,950,759) (135,045) 5,815,714 Total other financing sources (uses) (1,110,280) (2,758,272) 2,141,823 4,900,095 Net change in fund balances \$ (10,610,587) (11,487,678) 3,183,066 \$ 14,670,744 FUND BALANCES: Beginning of year 17,743,412 17,743,412 17,743,412			(9,500,307)		(8,729,406)		1,041,243		9,770,649
Transfers in Transfers out 3,192,487 (4,302,767) 3,192,487 (5,950,759) 2,276,868 (915,619) (915,619) 1,515,712 (5,950,759) 1,135,045) 5,815,712 (5,950,759) 1,148,23 (4,900,095) 4,900,095 (5,950,759) 1,148,23 (4,900,095) 4,900,095 (5,950,759) 1,148,23 (4,900,095) 4,670,744 (5,950,095) 1,148,23 (4,900,09							· · ·		• • •
Transfers out (4,302,767) (5,950,759) (135,045) 5,815,714 Total other financing sources (uses) (1,110,280) (2,758,272) 2,141,823 4,900,095 Net change in fund balances \$ (10,610,587) (11,487,678) 3,183,066 \$ 14,670,744 FUND BALANCES: 17,743,412 17,743,412 17,743,412	` ,		3,192,487		3,192,487		2,276,868		(915,619)
Net change in fund balances \$ (10,610,587) \$ (11,487,678) 3,183,066 \$ 14,670,744 FUND BALANCES: Beginning of year 17,743,412 17,743,412	Transfers out		(4,302,767)		(5,950,759)		(135,045)		5,815,714
FUND BALANCES: Beginning of year 17,743,412	Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,110,280)		(2,758,272)	_	2,141,823		4,900,095
Beginning of year <u>17,743,412</u>	Net change in fund balances	\$	(10,610,587)	\$	(11,487,678)		3,183,066	\$	14,670,744
	FUND BALANCES:								
	Beginning of year						17,743,412		
1.00.10 VI.01	End of year					\$	20,926,478		

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual TDA Grant

REVENUES:	 Budget Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,006,831	\$	1,006,831	\$ -	\$	(1,006,831)
Total revenues	1,006,831		1,006,831			(1,006,831)
EXPENDITURES:						
Current: Community development	<u>-</u>		<u> </u>	<u>-</u>		
Total expenditures	 -		-	 -	·	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	1,006,831		1,006,831	-		(1,006,831)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers out	(1,260,892)		(1,260,892)	(1,591)		1,259,301
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,260,892)		(1,260,892)	(1,591)		1,259,301
Net change in fund balances	\$ (254,061)	\$	(254,061)	(1,591)	\$	252,470
FUND BALANCES:						
Beginning of year				(184,767)		
End of year				\$ (186,358)		

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual CDBG RLA

	Orig	Budget A inal	mounts Final		Actual Amounts	Fina Po	ance with I Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES:							
Taxes	\$		\$	-	\$ -	\$	<u>-</u>
Total revenues					-		
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Community development					8,558		(8,558)
Total expenditures					8,558		(8,558)
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	_	(8,558)	\$	(8,558)
FUND BALANCES:							
Beginning of year				_	1,656,487		
End of year				_	\$ 1,647,929	=	

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual CalHOME Reuse

	Budget Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES:							
Use of money and property	\$	-	\$	_	\$ 7,717	\$	7,717
Total revenues		-		-	7,717		7,717
EXPENDITURES:							
Current: Community development		-		-	148		(148)
Total expenditures		-		-	148	n	(148)
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		-		-	7,569		7,865
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers in		-		-	45,976		45,976
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-	45,976		45,976
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	_	53,545	\$	53,841
FUND BALANCES:							_
Beginning of year					 2,590,305	·	
End of year					\$ 2,643,850	l	

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual 2005 HCD Fund

	Budget Amounts Original Final		Act Amo		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES:							
Use of money and property	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	
Total revenues	-		-		-		-
EXPENDITURES:							
Current: Community development	 -		-		-		<u>-</u>
Total expenditures	 -		-		-		
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	-		-		-		<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balances	\$ -	\$	-	•	-	\$	_
FUND BALANCES:				•			
Beginning of year				Ģ	950,000		
End of year				\$ 9	950,000		

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual RDA Low Income Housing

	Orig	Budget A	mounts Final		Actual Amounts	Variance Final Bu Positiv (Negati	dget ve
REVENUES:							
Use of money and property	\$		\$	- \$	-	\$	
Total revenues							
EXPENDITURES:							
Current: Community development							
Total expenditures		-		-	-		_
Net change in fund balances	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	-	\$	
FUND BALANCES:							
Beginning of year					1,075,046		
End of year				\$	1,075,046	ı	

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Park Impact Fund

	Budget Amounts Original Final					Actual Amounts		riance with nal Budget Positive Jegative)
REVENUES:								
Charges for services Use of money and property	\$	- 3,000	\$	- 3,000	\$	136,443 3,821	\$	136,443 821
Total revenues		3,000		3,000		140,264		137,264
EXPENDITURES:								
Capital outlay: General capital outlay		175,000		175,000		136,443		38,557
Total expenditures		175,000		175,000		136,443		38,557
Net change in fund balances	\$	(172,000)	\$	(172,000)		3,821	\$	98,707
FUND BALANCES:								
Beginning of year						4,042		
End of year					\$	7,863		

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SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Lighting & Landscape Fund – Accounts for revenues received for maintenance and operation of the majority of the streetlights and parkways in the City. Revenues are derived from benefit assessments to properties within the City's three maintenance districts. Expenditures include the direct costs of labor, supplies and equipment to maintain the districts and parks.

Emergency Response - Accounts for the activities of the emergency response team. The emergency response team will work in close cooperation with the State and County standardized emergency management system and their associates.

Sewer Lift Station Fund – Accounts for funds collected from a special assessment district created around properties benefiting from the lift station. The funds collected are used to operate and maintain the sewer lift station.

Community Facilities District – Accounts for revenues received pursuant to Resolution 2017-3211 and Ordinance 2017-688 for the purpose of providing public safety, street maintenance, landscape maintenance in the public right-of-way and other services within the district.

Gas Tax Fund – Accounts for revenues apportioned under the Street and Highway Code of the State of California. These funds can be used for any street-related purpose.

Traffic Safety Fund – Accounts for revenues derived from vehicle fines paid on violations issued by the Kern County Sheriff's Department within the City limits. These revenues are used for traffic striping and marking the City streets.

Traffic Impact Fund – Accounts for revenues charged to new businesses as they move into the City. These fees are used to install traffic lights, widen streets and any other traffic control in the area that is impacted by the traffic created by the new business.

COPS Grant Fund – Accounts for revenues that the State of California issues to the County of Kern funds for front line law enforcement services. These funds are distributed to local Municipalities by an internal formula. The funds are utilized by the Sheriff for anti-gang and community crime prevention programs in the City.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds, Continued

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds, Continued

2002 CalHome Grant Fund – Accounts for all grant funds awarded to the City for low and moderate income rehabilitations. This fund also utilizes available funds from the CDBG reuse money and the Redevelopment Agency's 20% low and moderate housing set-a-side funds.

2003 CDBG Grant Fund – Accounts for the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) received in 2003. The grant funds are disbursed to homeowners who meet low and moderate income guidelines and qualify for the CDBG program as deferred loans, grants or below market interest rate loans. The revenue collected year to year as loan payments or loan payoffs is used to fund the City's local portion of CDBG projects and helps enhance the programs offered by the Special Programs Financing Department.

2003 CalHome Grant Fund – The City was awarded \$500,000 in funding through the 2004 CalHome Program funding. These funds will be used for the City's housing rehabilitation program toward more owner-occupied housing rehabilitation. This funding will allow the City to continue to meet the rehabilitation needs of the low and moderate income homeowners in Wasco through making 3% interest 20 year deferred loans for the purpose of housing rehabilitation. This fund also utilizes available funds from the CDBG reuse money and the Redevelopment Agency's 20% low and moderate housing set-aside funds.

2004 CDBG Grant Fund – The City applied for \$500,000 in funding through the 2004 Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Program. These funds will be used by the City's housing rehabilitation department. Most of this grant will be spent on housing rehabilitation loans, however, \$46,250 of this grant will be spent on infill sidewalks for Census Track 44 through the 10% set-aside component of the CDBG grant.

2004 CalHome Grant Fund – The City was awarded \$500,000 in funding through the 2004 CalHome Program funding. These funds will be used for the City's housing rehabilitation program toward more owner-occupied housing rehabilitation. This funding will allow the City to continue to meet the rehabilitation needs of the low and moderate income homeowners in Wasco through making 3% interest 20 year deferred loans for the purpose of housing rehabilitation. This fund also utilizes available funds from the CDBG reuse money and the Redevelopment Agency's 20% low and moderate housing set-aside funds.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds, Continued

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds, Continued

2005 CalHome Grant Fund – The City was awarded \$500,000 in funding through the 2005 CalHome Program funding. These funds will be used for the City's housing rehabilitation program toward more owner-occupied housing rehabilitation. This funding will allow the City to continue to meet the rehabilitation needs of the low and moderate income homeowners in Wasco through making 3% interest 20 year deferred loans for the purpose of housing rehabilitation. This fund also utilizes available funds from the CDBG reuse money and the Redevelopment Agency's 20% low and moderate housing set-aside funds.

2006 CalHome Grant Fund – The City was awarded \$500,000 in funding through the 2006 CalHome Program funding. These funds will be used for the City's housing rehabilitation program toward more owner-occupied housing rehabilitation. This funding will allow the City to continue to meet the rehabilitation needs of the low and moderate income homeowners in Wasco through making 3% interest 20 year deferred loans for the purpose of housing rehabilitation. This fund also utilizes available funds from the CDBG reuse money and the Redevelopment Agency's 20% low and moderate housing set-aside funds.

BEGIN Grant Reuse Fund – Accounts for program income from the City's BEGIN grant program. In accordance with the BEGIN program guidelines, all program income must be accounted for and kept in a reuse fund where it can then be accumulated and lent back out on BEGIN eligible activities.

2009 CDBG Grant Fund – The City was awarded \$800,000 from CDBG for a housing combo grant to assist citizens with First Time Homebuyer Down Payment Assistance and Housing Rehabilitation Loans. This money is currently being lent to qualified low income applicants at 1% interest.

HOME Grant Reuse Fund – Accounts for program income from the City's HOME grant program. In accordance with the HOME program guidelines, all program income must be accounted for and kept in a reuse fund where it can then be accumulated and lent back out on HOME eligible activities.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds, Continued

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds, Continued

2008 CDBG Grant Fund – The City was awarded \$300,000 in funding through the 2008 CDBG Economic Development Grant. These funds are to be used to provide business assistance loans to qualified local businesses in the form of below market interest rate loans. This grant will be expiring in December 2012.

Public Finance Authority (component unit) – Accounts for the general fund the Wasco Public Finance Authority (a component unit of the City). The Wasco Public Finance Authority was created for the purpose of issuing its bonds to be used to provide financial assistance to the City, the Agency or any other public entity of the State of California.

2010 HOME Grant Fund – The City was awarded \$800,000 in HOME funds to assist citizens with the purchase of their first home. This money is currently being lent out to qualified low income recipients as a "silent-second" at 1% interest.

ARPA Grant Fund – Accounts for the American Rescue Plan Act Funding and related expenditures

Illegal Dumping Resources Fund – Accounts account for these prop 218 tax fund that will be used to combat illegal dumping.

City of Wasco Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

			Special Rev	enue	Funds		
	_	hting & ndscape	nergency esponse	Sewer Lift Station		F	mmunity acilities District
ASSETS							
Cash and investments Notes receivable	\$	27,481 -	\$ 23,446	\$	211,805	\$	90,848
Total assets		27,481	23,446		211,805		90,848
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Unearned revenue		5,032 908 -	- - - 21,879		177 - - -		22 - - -
Total liabilities		5,940	21,879		177		22
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable revenues		-	-		-		_
Total deferred inflows of resources			 		-		
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted for: Community development		-	-		-		- 90,826
Streets and transportation Public safety Other purposes Assigned:		21,541 - -	- 1,567 -		- 211,628		- - -
Community development Unassigned		- -	- -		-		- -
Total fund balances		21,541	1,567		211,628		90,826
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	27,481	\$ 23,446	\$	211,805	\$	90,848

Special Revenue Funds									
Gas Tax	Traffic Safety	Traffic Impact	COPS Grant Fund						
\$ 923,848	\$ -	\$ 2,169,331 -	\$ 223,959						
923,848	-	2,169,331	223,959						
_	_	_	_						
-	-	-	-						
-	7,287	-	-						
-			_						
-	7,287		_						
-	_	-	_						
-		-	-						
-	-	-	-						
022 040	-	2 160 221	-						
923,848	-	2,169,331	223,959						
-	-	-							
-	(7,287)	-	-						
923,848	(7,287)	2,169,331	223,959						
720,040	(1,201)	2,107,001							
\$ 923,848	\$ -	\$ 2,169,331	\$ 223,959						

City of Wasco Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

	Sp	ecial Revenue Fur	nds
	2004 CalHome Grant Fund	BEGIN Grant Reuse	HOME Grant Reuse
ASSETS			
Cash and investments Notes receivable	\$ -	\$ 11,423 86,447	\$ 648,076 502,713
Total assets		97,870	1,150,789
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES			
Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Unearned revenue	- - - -	- - -	- - - -
Total liabilities			
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable revenues			
Total deferred inflows of resources			
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted for: Community development Streets and transportation Public safety Other purposes Assigned: Community development Unassigned	- - - - -	- 97,870 - - - -	- 1,150,789 - - - -
Total fund balances		97,870	1,150,789
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ -	\$ 97,870	\$ 1,150,789

Special Revenue Funds											
Public Financing Authority	ARPA Grant Fund	Illegal Dumping Resources Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds								
\$ 110,389 -	\$ 1,783,564 -	\$ 82,717	\$ 6,306,887 589,160								
110,389	1,783,564	82,717	6,896,047								
9,252	72,909	-	87,392								
-	-	-	908 7,287								
	1,695,285		1,717,164								
9,252	1,768,194	-	1,812,751								
	-										
-	-	-	-								
-	-	-	-								
-	-	-	1,339,485								
-	-	-	3,114,720								
-	-	82,717	225,526 294,345								
		© = ,. 1.	- , 1,0 10								
101,137	15,370	-	116,507								
101 107	15.050	- 00.717	(7,287)								
101,137	15,370	82,717	5,083,296								
\$ 110,389	\$ 1,783,564	\$ 82,717	\$ 6,896,047								

City of Wasco Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the year ended June 30, 2022

			Special Rev	venue Funds		
	Lighting & Landscape		Emergency Response	Sewer Lift Station		Community Facilities District
REVENUES:						
Taxes Licenses and permits Intergovernmental	\$	177,731 - -	\$ - - -	\$ 11,58	33 - -	\$ 80,870 - -
Charges for services Fines, forfeitures and assessments		-	-		-	-
Use of money and property Miscellaneous		58 464	- - -	76	- 52 -	87
Total revenues		178,253	_	12,34	l 5	80,957
EXPENDITURES:						
Current: Public works Community development		180,045	- -	6,83	37 -	298
Total expenditures		180,045	_	6,83	37	298
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(1,792)	_	5,5()8	80,659
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers out		-	-		_	(80,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)		-	-		-	(80,000)
Net change in fund balances		(1,792)	-	5,50)8	659
FUND BALANCES:						
Beginning of year, as restated		23,333	1,567	206,12	20_	90,167
End of year	\$	21,541	\$ 1,567	\$ 211,62	28	\$ 90,826

Special Revenue Funds										
Gas Tax	Traffic Safety	Traffic Impact	COPS Grant Fund							
\$ 1,108,116 - - - - - 3,020	\$ - - - 11,073	\$ - 73,712 - - - - 9,975	\$ - 161,285 - -							
 - 1,111,136	11,073	83,687	161,285							
- -	14,999	- -	- -							
-	14,999		<u>-</u>							
 1,111,136	(3,926)	83,687	161,285							
(596,926)			(150,000)							
(596,926)		_	(150,000)							
514,210	(3,926)	83,687	11,285							
 409,638	(3,361)	2,085,644	212,674							
\$ 923,848	\$ (7,287)	\$ 2,169,331	\$ 223,959							

City of Wasco Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the year ended June 30, 2022

		Sp	ecial Revenu	ıe Fun	ds	
DEVENIUE	200 CalHome Fun VENUES:			BEGIN Grant Reuse		HOME ant Reuse
Taxes Licenses and permits Intergovernmental Charges for services Fines, forfeitures and assessments Use of money and property	\$	- - - - 45,976	\$	- - - - 42	\$	- - - - 32,011
Miscellaneous Total revenues		45,976		42	32,011	
EXPENDITURES:						
Current: Public works Community development		- -		- -		25,923 -
Total expenditures		-				25,923
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		45,976		42		6,088
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers out		(45,976)		-		
Total other financing sources (uses)		(45,976)		-	1	
Net change in fund balances		-		42		6,088
FUND BALANCES:						
Beginning of year			97	,828		1,144,701
End of year	\$		\$ 97	,870	\$	1,150,789

	Spe	ecial Revenue Fu	nds			
	Public			Illegal	Total No	nmajor
Fi	nancing	ARPA Grant	Γ	umping	Governn	nental
A	uthority	Fund	Resc	urces Fund	Fund	ds
\$	_	\$ -	\$	82,717	\$ 1,4	61,017
Ψ	_	Ψ -	Ψ.	-		73,712
	_	1,816,804	!	=		78,089
	20,231	, , , <u>-</u>	•	_		20,231
	-	-		-		11,073
	(28,166)	15,370	1	-		79,135
	-			-		464
	(7,935)	1,832,174	:	82,717	3,6	23,721
	(' /			<u> </u>		<u> </u>
	-	403,355		_	6	31,457
	15,137	-	•	-		15,137
	15,137	403,355		-	6	46,594
	(23,072)	1,428,819	١	82,717	2,9	77,127
	-	(1,413,449)	-	(2,2)	86,351)
		(1,413,449	<i>,</i>			
		(1,413,445)		(∠,∠	86,351)
	(23,072)	15,370	١	82,717	6	90,776
	124,209				4,3	92,520
\$	101,137	\$ 15,370	\$	82,717	\$ 5,0	83,296

City of Wasco Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Lighting & Landscape Fund

	Budget Amounts Original Final					Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:								
Taxes Use of money and property Miscellaneous	\$	168,184 105 980	\$	168,184 105 980	\$	177,731 58 464	\$	9,547 (47) (516)
Total revenues		169,269		169,269		178,253		8,984
EXPENDITURES: Current:	d.	200 202	Φ.	200.202	ф	100.045	d.	20.220
Public works	\$	200,383	\$	200,383	\$	180,045	\$	20,338
Total expenditures		200,383		200,383		180,045		20,338
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(31,114)		(31,114)		(1,792)		29,322
Net change in fund balances	\$	(31,114)	\$	(31,114)		(1,792)	\$	29,322
FUND BALANCES:								
Beginning of year						23,333		
End of year					\$	21,541		

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Emergency Response

	Budget Amounts Original Final				ii	tual ounts	Variano Final B Posit (Nega	udget tive
DELYENING							(1108)	
REVENUES:								
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	
Total revenues		-		-		-	,	
EXPENDITURES:								
Current: General government		-		-		-		
Total expenditures		-		-		-	·	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		-		-		-		<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balances	\$	_	\$	-	ı	-	\$	
FUND BALANCES:								
Beginning of year						1,567		
End of year					\$	1,567	į	

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Sewer Lift Station Fund

	Budget Amounts Original Final				Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
		rigiliai		Tillai		Milouitis	(110	gative
REVENUES:								
Taxes Use of money and property	\$	11,750 -	\$	11,750 -	\$	11,583 762	\$	(167) 762
Total revenues		11,750		11,750	. ———	12,345		595
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Public works	\$	7,250	\$	7,250	\$	6,837	\$	413
Total expenditures		7,250		7,250		6,837		413
Net change in fund balances	\$	4,500	\$	4,500	1	5,508	\$	1,008
FUND BALANCES:								
Beginning of year						206,120		
End of year					\$	211,628	Į	

City of Wasco

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Community Facilities District

	Budget Amounts Original Final				 Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:							
Taxes Use of money and property	\$	80,000	\$	80,000	\$ 80,870 87	\$	870 87
Total revenues		80,000		80,000	80,957		957
EXPENDITURES:							
Current: Public works		375		375	298		77
Total expenditures		375		375	 298		77
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		79,625		79,625	80,659		1,034
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers out		(80,000)		(80,000)	(80,000)		
Total other financing sources (uses)		(80,000)		(80,000)	(80,000)		-
Net change in fund balances	\$	(375)	\$	(375)	659	\$	1,034
FUND BALANCES:							
Beginning of year					90,167		
End of year					\$ 90,826		

City of Wasco

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Gas Tax Fund

REVENUES:	Budget Amounts Original Final				Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Taxes Use of money and property	\$	1,092,030 -	\$	1,092,030	\$ 1,108,116 3,020	\$	16,086 3,020
Total revenues		1,092,030		1,092,030	 1,111,136		19,106
EXPENDITURES:							
Current: General government		-		-	-		
Total expenditures		_			-		
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		1,092,030		1,092,030	1,111,136		19,106
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers out		(1,121,635)		(1,121,635)	(596,926)		524,709
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,121,635)		(1,121,635)	 (596,926)		524,709
Net change in fund balances	\$	(29,605)	\$	(29,605)	514,210	\$	543,815
FUND BALANCES:							
Beginning of year					 409,638		
End of year					\$ 923,848		

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Traffic Safety Fund

	Budget Amounts Original Final				Actual mounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:							
Fines, forfeitures and assessments	\$	20,000	\$	20,000	\$ 11,073	\$	(8,927)
Total revenues		20,000		20,000	11,073		(8,927)
EXPENDITURES: Current:							
Public works		15,000		15,000	14,999		1
Total expenditures		15,000		15,000	14,999		1
Net change in fund balances	\$	5,000	\$	5,000	(3,926)	\$	(8,926)
FUND BALANCES:							
Beginning of year					 (3,361)		
End of year					\$ (7,287)		

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Traffic Impact Fund

	Budget Amounts Original Final				 Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:							
Licenses and permits Use of money and property	\$	95,000 -	\$	95,000 -	\$ 73,712 9,975	\$	(21,288) 9,975
Total revenues		95,000		95,000	83,687		(11,313)
EXPENDITURES:							
Current: Public works					-		
Total expenditures				-	 -		
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		95,000		95,000	 83,687		(11,313)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers out		(459,473)		(459,473)	 -		459,473
Total other financing sources (uses)		(459,473)		(459,473)	-		459,473
Net change in fund balances	\$	(364,473)	\$	(364,473)	83,687	\$	448,160
FUND BALANCES:							_
Beginning of year					2,085,644		
End of year					\$ 2,169,331		

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual COPS Grant Fund

	Budget Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES:								
Intergovernmental	\$	150,000	\$	150,000	\$	161,285	\$	11,285
Total revenues		150,000		150,000		161,285		11,285
EXPENDITURES:								
Current: General government								<u>-</u>
Total expenditures		_		_		-		
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		150,000		150,000		161,285		11,285
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers out		(150,000)		(150,000)		(150,000)		
Total other financing sources (uses)		(150,000)		(150,000)		(150,000)		
Special item		-		-		-		-
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	-		11,285	\$	11,285
FUND BALANCES:								
Beginning of year						212,674		
End of year					\$	223,959		

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual 2004 CalHOME Grant Fund

REVENUES:	Buo Origina		Amou	nts Final		Actual Amounts	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
Use of money and property	\$		\$	-	\$	45,976	\$	45,976
Total revenues				_		45,976		45,976
EXPENDITURES:								
Current: General government				-		-		
Total expenditures				_		-		
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES				-		45,976		45,976
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers out				-		(45,976)		(45,976)
Total other financing sources (uses)		_		-		(45,976)		(45,976)
Net change in fund balances	\$		\$	-	:	-	\$	
FUND BALANCES:								
Beginning of year								
End of year					\$	-		

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual BEGIN Grant Reuse

	Budget Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES:								
Use of money and property	\$	-	\$	-	\$	42	\$	42
Total revenues						42		42
EXPENDITURES:								
Current: General government			·			-		
Total expenditures		-		_		-		
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES						42		42
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	-		42	\$	42
FUND BALANCES:								
Beginning of year						97,828		
End of year					\$	97,870		

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual HOME Grant Reuse

	Orig	Budget Ar inal	mounts Final	<u> </u>	Actual Amounts	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES:							
Use of money and property	\$	- :	\$	- \$	32,011	\$	32,011
Total revenues		-		-	32,011		32,011
EXPENDITURES:							
Current: Public works					25,923	·-	(25,923)
Total expenditures				_	25,923	n	(25,923)
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES				<u>-</u>	6,088		6,088
Net change in fund balances	\$	- !	\$	<u>-</u>	6,088	\$	6,088
FUND BALANCES:				_			
Beginning of year					1,144,701		
End of year				\$	1,150,789		

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Public Financing Authority

	_	Budget /	Amo	unts Final		Actual Amounts	Fina F	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES:								
Charges for services Use of money and property	\$	- -	\$		- : 	\$ 20,231 (28,166)	\$	20,231 (28,166)
Total revenues		-				(7,935)		(7,935)
EXPENDITURES:								
Current: Community development						15,137		(15,137)
Total expenditures		-				15,137		(15,137)
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES						(23,072)		7,202
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$		_	(23,072)	\$	7,202
FUND BALANCES:								
Beginning of year					_	124,209		
End of year					_	\$ 101,137		

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual ARPA Grant Fund

	 Budget A	Amo	unts Final	Actual Amounts	Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES:						
Intergovernmental Use of money and property	\$ 1,498,857 -	\$	1,498,857 -	\$ 1,816,804 15,370	\$	317,947 15,370
Total revenues	1,498,857		1,498,857	1,832,174		333,317
EXPENDITURES:						
Current: Public works	508,672		508,672	403,355		105,317
Total expenditures	 508,672		508,672	403,355		105,317
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	990,185		990,185	1,428,819		438,634
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers out	(140,204)		(140,204)	(1,413,449)		(1,273,245)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (140,204)		(140,204)	 (1,413,449)		(1,273,245)
Net change in fund balances	\$ 849,981	\$	849,981	15,370	\$	(834,611)
FUND BALANCES:						
Beginning of year						
End of year				\$ 15,370		

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Illegal Dumping Resources Fund

	Budg Original	get Amounts Final		Actual mounts	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES:						
Taxes	\$	- \$	- \$	82,717	\$	82,717
Total revenues		-	<u>-</u>	82,717		82,717
EXPENDITURES:						
Current: General government		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	_		
Total expenditures		<u>-</u>	-	_		
Net change in fund balances	\$	- \$	<u>-</u>	82,717	\$	82,717
FUND BALANCES:						
Beginning of year				_		
End of year			\$	82,717	•	

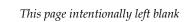
City of Wasco Measure X

Wasco, California

Basic Financial Statements and Independent Auditors' Reports

City of Wasco, Measure X Table of Contents June 30, 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of Wasco Wasco, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Measure X of the City of Wasco, California (City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's Measure X's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of Measure X of the City as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1, these financial statements present only Measure X and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the City as of June 30, 2022, or the changes in its financial position for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statement

City's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Measure X of the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of Wasco Wasco, California
Page 2

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of [Entity Name]'s internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.⁵
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about [Entity Name]'s ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of Wasco Wasco, California Page 3

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December XX, 2022, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance relating to Measure X and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance relating to Measure X.

Badawi and Associates, CPAs Berkeley, California December XX, 2022

City of Wasco Measure X

Balance Sheeet

June 30, 2022

	2022	
ASSETS		
Cash and investments	\$ 5,49	4,574
Total assets	\$ 5,49	94,574
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	\$	
Total current liabilities .		
FUND BALANCE		
Restricted - Essencial city services	5,49	94,574
Total fund balance	5,49	94,574
Total liabilities and fund balance	<u>\$</u> 5,49	94,574

City of Wasco Measure X

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022

	2022
OPERATING REVENUES:	
Measure X Sales Tax	\$ 3,333,089
Total operating revenues	3,333,089
OPERATING EXPENSES:	
Street and Road Construction and Maintenance:	
Road Rehabilitation - 16th Street	68
Palm Avenue Rehab	1,587
Palm Avenue Shoulder Paving	1,824
Street Lighting Post Top Concersion	65,792
Street Lighting Installation - Citywide	1,768
Street Maitenance of Effort	210,043
General and Administrative	11,310
Public Safety:	
Police Services	1,555,518
Fire Services	600,000
Neighborhood Camera Rebate Program	150
Legal CalPERS Public Safety UAL Payoff	402,480
Animal Control:	
Construct New Animal Shelter	2,064
Total expenditures	2,852,604
Net Change in Fund Balance	480,485
FUND BALANCE:	
Beginning of year	5,014,089
End of year	\$ 5,494,574

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1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

Measure X – On November 8, 2016, Measure X was approved by the citizens of the City of Wasco. Measure X created an ordinance establishing a new 1% sales tax. This ordinance stipulated that the additional sales tax proceeds were to provide funding for basic City services which were defined as essential general services, including but not limited to police, fire, streets, parks and recreation as well as other general fund services.

The financial statements of Measure X of the City of Wasco (the "City") have been prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The following summary of the City's more significant accounting policies is presented to assist the reader in interpreting the basic financial statements and other data in this report.

The financial statements are intended to reflect the financial position, results of operation, and compliance of the City with the laws, rules, and regulations of Measure X. They do not present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the City in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

B. Basis of Presentation

Fund Financial Statements

The accounting system of the City is organized and operated on the basis of separate funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The various funds are grouped, in the financial statements in this report, into one generic fund type and one broad fund category as follows:

Governmental Funds

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. Measure X is a Special Revenue Fund.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting, Continued

Measurement Focus – All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

Basis of Accounting – In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available". Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. Revenues which are susceptible to accrual include property taxes and special assessments that are levied for and due for the fiscal year and collected within 60 days after year-end. Licenses, permits, fines, forfeits, charges for services and miscellaneous revenues are recorded as governmental fund type revenues when received in cash because they are not generally measurable until actually received. Revenue from taxpayer assessed taxes, such as sales taxes, are recognized in the accounting period in which they became both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the fiscal period. Grant funds and reimbursements of expenses under contractual agreements are reported in governmental fund types and are recorded as a receivable when earned rather than when susceptible to accrual. Generally, this occurs when authorized expenditures are made under the grant program or contractual agreement. Expenditures are recognized when the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest on long-term debt, which is recognized when due.

D. Cash and Investments

Cash and investment balances of each of the City's funds, except for funds required to be held by outside fiscal agents under the provisions of bond indentures, are pooled in order to take advantage of an effective investment strategy. Income earned from pooled investments is allocated to each of the funds based on average pooled cash balances during the year. Deficit cash balances are classified as due to other funds and funded by the General Fund or related operating fund.

E. Receivables

All trade and tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts and estimated refunds due.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

F. Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

Fund balances of the governmental funds are presented in the financial statements based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. Fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable - Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in a spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – Amounts restricted by external sources (creditors, laws of other governments, etc.) or by constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed – Amounts that are obligated to a specific purpose which are internally imposed by the government through formal action (Ordinances and Resolutions) at the highest level of decision making authority (City Council). These commitments can only be overturned by a like action.

Assigned – Amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are considered neither restricted nor committed. Undesignated excess Fund Balances may be assigned by the City Council, City Manager, or Finance Director for specific purposes through the budget process or agenda items. The assigned designation may be reversed by the City Council at any public meeting.

Unassigned – Residual positive fund balances within the General Fund, which have not been classified within the other above mentioned categories. Unassigned Fund Balances may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed, or assigned for those specific purposes.

When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which all restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balances are available, the City's policy is to apply in the following order, except for instances wherein an ordinance specifies the fund balance: Restricted, Committed, Assigned, and Unassigned.

G. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash balances of the City's Measure X are pooled with those of other funds and invested by the City to maximize investment opportunities and yields. Income earned from pooled investments is allocated to each of the funds based on average pooled cash balances during the year. Deficit cash balances are classified as due to other funds and funded by the General Fund or related operating fund. Further information regarding the City's cash and cash equivalents pool may be found in the City's financial statements.

Cash and investments of the Measure X at June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

Cash in the City of Wasco pooled cash

\$5,494,574



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the city Council of the City of Wasco Wasco, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Measure X of the City of Wasco, (City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's Measure X's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December XX, 2022.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of Wasco Wasco, California Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Measure X financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Badawi and Associates, CPA's Berkeley, California

December XX, 2022